



Riolo Vineyard

Specific Plan

August 2008

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1. Introduction

1.1 OVERALL CONCEPT

Riolo Vineyard is a distinctive master planned community offering an array of premium housing choices complemented by numerous recreational amenities. The individual elements of this community have been meticulously integrated into the natural terrain, carefully designed to blend into the rural countryside and emphasize the natural beauty of this unique site.



The Riolo Vineyard community consists of a series of residential villages, interconnected by abundant green space. Over nine miles of public trails offer such recreational amenities as hiking, horseback riding, and biking to both residents of Riolo Vineyard and the surrounding community alike. A range of product types is presented, accommodating individual preferences and varied income levels. Vast open space areas preserve sensitive natural habitats and buffer existing and proposed

agricultural operations. Landscape corridors interconnect residential villages and provide pedestrian linkages to parks, commercial centers and other amenities. In addition, Riolo Vineyard contributes ten acres of park land to the area, strategically arranged so as to provide an assortment of recreational opportunities within easy strolling distance.

The Riolo Vineyard Specific Plan provides a logical guideline for growth in this area, assuring the formation of a comprehensive and thoughtful plan. The Specific Plan proposes high standards of community design which will be carried through the approval process and into final construction. Riolo Vineyard strikes a balance between nature and progress, preserving the rural nature of the site, while simultaneously fulfilling the housing needs of Placer County citizens.



1.2 SPECIFIC PLAN OBJECTIVES

The primary objective of the Riolo Vineyard Specific Plan is to establish a framework for logical and sensitive growth. This Specific Plan provides a comprehensive set of goals and policies to ensure development of a fully integrated community that respects and enhances the site's natural features. The Riolo Vineyard Specific Plan Project Objectives are listed below:

1. Implement the County's General Plan and Dry Creek West Placer Community Plan, which designate the proposed project area for urban development.
2. Preserve the scenic Dry Creek riparian corridor and enhance trail connectivity to complement a regional recreation corridor for bicycle, pedestrian, and equestrian users.
3. Provide a well-designed community with neighborhood identity in close proximity to jobs and services in Placer and Sacramento Counties.
4. Create a high quality environment containing a mix of residential, open space and recreational land uses in an overall design that advances "smart growth" principles.

5. Design a project that minimizes encroachment into the existing 100-year floodplain in the Plan Area while balancing the housing needs and densities of the SACOG Blueprint process and the character of the local community.
6. Provide for increased residential densities in areas presently planned for urban growth and development with accessible infrastructure, consistent with area-wide infrastructure plans and growth policies identified in the Sacramento Area Council of Government's Blueprint for Regional Growth.
7. Reduce growth pressures on outlying areas of Placer County by efficiently utilizing the project area to accommodate residential growth and development.
8. Incorporate an appropriate level of medium- and high-density residential development to take advantage of the proximity to region-serving arterials and support opportunities for transit to serve the proposed development.
9. Provide for a cohesive plan of development that maximizes internal connectivity for pedestrian, bicycle and vehicular travel.
10. Provide for a full range of housing densities and product choices affordable to all income levels.
11. Provide a comprehensively planned project that offers maximum feasible protection of sensitive environmental habitat and resources.
12. Create a community that recognizes, respects and preserves historic agricultural uses of the project area through active management within Agricultural Residential parcels.
13. Provide a planned infrastructure system with all public facilities and services necessary to meet the needs of development within the proposed project area.
14. Provide a sufficient number of residential units within the project

area to support necessary improvements to local and regional public facilities.

15. Provide for dedication of land within the project area for the expansion of the Union Cemetery.

1.3 SPECIFIC PLAN AREA LOCATION



The Riolo Vineyard Specific Plan Area (Plan Area) is comprised of approximately 525.8 acres located in the southern portion of Placer County. The site is bounded on the North by Dry Creek, on the West by Watt Avenue, on the South by PFE Road, and on the East by Walerga Road. The Plan Area is situated almost immediately north of the Placer County/Sacramento County line, approximately 15 miles northeast of the metropolitan area of Sacramento and four miles west of Interstate 80. The site is located inside Section 7 of Township 10 North, Range 6 East and Section 12 of Township 10 North, Range 5 East, as depicted on the Citrus Heights and Rio Linda Quadrangles of United States Geological Survey topographic maps.

The Regional Context is shown on Figure 1.1.

1.4 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The Riolo Vineyard Specific Plan Area lies within the Dry Creek West Placer Community Plan Area (Community Plan), adopted in 1990. The Community Plan envisions low density single family residential development over most of the Plan Area, with commercial development opportunities on the corners of PFE Road/Watt Avenue and PFE Road/Walerga Road. An overall density of two units per acre (PUD 2.0) is permitted pursuant to the Community Plan, with density transfers allowed from unusable portions of the site. However, evolving growth patterns over the past decade have demonstrated that a change from solely low density residential development to a mix of residential densities is appropriate in order to create a more efficient land use pattern that accommodates growth and demand for housing.

Many of the parcels within the Plan Area have been designated as “Development Reserve” (-DR) in the Community Plan. The Community Plan suggests that parcels with the Development Reserve designation, located south of Dry Creek and west of Walerga Road, be planned as a separate specific plan. The Dry Creek West Placer Community Plan requires Specific Plans to address a variety of issues related to development. This Specific Plan includes discussions of land use, circulation, green space, resource management, public facilities, and implementation.

This Specific Plan is a comprehensive and definitive guideline for the ultimate development of the Plan Area. This Specific Plan directs the development of the Plan Area by addressing requirements of the master planning process. This process provides the opportunity to plan, coordinate, implement and monitor development within the Plan Area in a thorough and comprehensive manner.

1.5 LEGAL AUTHORITY

Placer County is authorized to adopt this Specific Plan following the provisions of Article 8, Sections 65450 through 65457 of the Title 7 Planning and Land Use Law, California Government Code and Section 17.58.200 of the Placer County Zoning Ordinance. These provisions require that a specific plan be consistent with the adopted general plan of the jurisdiction in which the plan is located. All subsequent projects within the Plan Area, including subdivisions and public works projects, shall be consistent with this Specific Plan, the Community Plan, and the Placer County General Plan.

1.6 ENTITLEMENTS AND APPROVALS



The following entitlements and approvals have been approved by the Placer County Board of Supervisors to implement the Riolo Vineyard Specific Plan:

1. Certification of a Final Environmental Impact Report (EIR) and adoption of Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program.
2. Placer County General Plan Amendments:
 - Land Use
 - Agricultural Land Use - Policy 1.H.6
 - Development Form and Design - Policy 1.O.1

- Transportation and Circulation
 - Streets and Highways - Policy 3.A.7
 - Streets and Highways - Policy 3.A.8
 - Streets and Highways - Policy 3.A.12
 - Natural Resources
 - Fish and Wildlife Habitat - Policy 7.B.1
3. Dry Creek West Placer Community Plan Amendments:
 - Community Development Element
 - Land Use - Policies 2 and 25
 - Public Services - Policies 4 and 5
 - Description of LDR minimum lot area requirements
 - Environmental Resources Management Element
 - Natural Resources - Policy 14
 - Transportation/ Circulation Element
 - Circulation - Policies 6 and 9
 4. A resolution adopting the Riolo Vineyard Specific Plan and Riolo Vineyard Design Guidelines (RESOLUTION #).
 5. An Ordinance Adopting the Development Standards for the Riolo Vineyard Specific Plan (ORDINANCE #).
 6. Approval of a Vesting Large Lot Tentative Subdivision Map.
 7. Approval of Vesting Small Lot Tentative Subdivision Maps.
 8. An Ordinance Adopting the Riolo Vineyard Development Agreement (ORDINANCE #).
 9. Zoning Amendments to conform with the adopted Specific Plan.
 10. Approval of Improvement Plans.
 11. Floodplain Development Permit or equivalent.
 12. Issuance of an Encroachment Permit.
 13. Cancellation of Williamson Act Contract #AGP 241 (for Frisvold Property development).
 14. Annexation into CSA 28, Zone 173 for sewer maintenance.

In addition to the entitlements and approvals listed above, and required by Placer County, development within the Specific Plan area may require approvals from the following state and federal agencies:

1. U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and U.S. Environmental

- Protection Agency - Section 404 Clean Water Act Permit.
2. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service - Section 7 Consultation.
3. Federal Emergency Management Agency
 - Letter of Map Revision (LOMR)
4. California Regional Water Quality Control Board
 - Section 401 Water Quality Certification.
5. State Department of Conservation - Approval of Williamson Act contract cancellation.
6. State Water Resources Control Board - Storm Water Discharge Permit

1.7 RELATED DOCUMENTS

The Riolo Vineyard Specific Plan is implemented by Placer County with the supporting documents listed below. These documents are to be used in conjunction with the Specific Plan to ensure full implementation of General Plan goals and policies.

Placer County General Plan and Dry Creek West Placer Community Plan

The Riolo Vineyard Specific Plan has been determined by the Board of Supervisors to be consistent with the requirements of State law, the Placer County General Plan (including the Dry Creek West Placer Community Plan), and County ordinances. With regard to land use consistency, the discussion of Land Use and Community Character in Section 3 identifies how various Riolo Vineyard Specific Plan land use categories, Placer County General Plan land use designations, and the Dry Creek West Placer Community Plan and zoning districts fit together for purposes of determining consistency. With regard to policy consistency, the Riolo Vineyard Specific Plan should be read and applied in the context of the policy framework established by the Placer County General Plan and the Dry Creek West Placer Community Plan.

Environmental Impact Report

The Specific Plan Environmental Impact Report (EIR) was certified on INSERT DATE and the Specific Plan was adopted on INSERT DATE. The EIR examines the environmental impacts of the proposed plan and focuses on environmental changes resulting from implementation of the Plan. The EIR serves as a project EIR and examines all phases of the project including planning, construction and operation of all subdivision map approvals. The EIR also serves as a Program EIR for purposes of evaluating later requests for tentative parcel maps, tentative subdivision maps, use permits, Specific Plan amendments and variances. Supplemental environmental analysis may need to be prepared if subsequent changes to the plan are proposed, or other circumstances change, which create impacts not considered in the original environmental analysis.

Section 65457(a) of the Government Code and Section 15182(a) of the State California Environmental Quality Act Guidelines provide that no EIR, or negative declaration are required for any residential project undertaken in conformity with an adopted Specific Plan for which an EIR has been certified. The EIR certified for this Specific Plan is both a program and a project-level document, and has been written to the level of detail necessary to qualify residential development for this exemption, assuming that such residential development is consistent with the adopted Specific Plan and fulfills all conditions and CEQA mitigation measures (including the completion of detailed site-specific studies if appropriate).

Development Agreements

In conjunction with the approval of vesting tentative subdivision maps in the Plan Area, each applicant and the County may enter into a Development Agreement in accordance with Government Code §65864 and Section 17.58.210 of the Placer County Code, et. seq. The development agreement will operate to vest development rights for specified uses of the property, as well as for specified densities and

intensities of use. In addition, the development agreement will set forth needed infrastructure improvements, park dedication requirements, timing and methods of financing improvements, and other specific performance obligations of the applicant and the County as related to the development of individual properties within the Plan Area.

Zoning Ordinance

The County's Zoning Ordinance will remain the underlying land use regulatory authority for the Specific Plan. To the extent that a component or regulation of the Specific Plan differs from a requirement of the Ordinance, the Specific Plan will take precedence. Where the Specific Plan is silent or vague, the Zoning Ordinance will be used for the purposes of interpretation, and/or directly applied as appropriate.

Subdivision Ordinance

The County's Subdivision Ordinance will regulate individual requests for land divisions within the Specific Plan area, unless otherwise addressed herein. To the extent that a component or regulation of the Specific Plan differs from a requirement of the Ordinance, the Specific Plan will take precedence. Where the Specific Plan is silent or vague, the Subdivision Ordinance will be used for the purposes of interpretation, and/or directly applied as appropriate.

Additional Discretionary Land Use Approvals

It is recognized that additional discretionary approvals will be required in order to implement the development envisioned by this Specific Plan. These additional approvals could include, but may not be limited to, Tentative and Final Subdivision maps, Design/Site Review for commercial and attached housing, Conditional Use Permits, Floodplain Development Permits and other discretionary approvals required by County ordinances or state or federal law. Additional land use approvals required for Specific Plan implementation

are discussed in further detail in Section 8, Implementation.

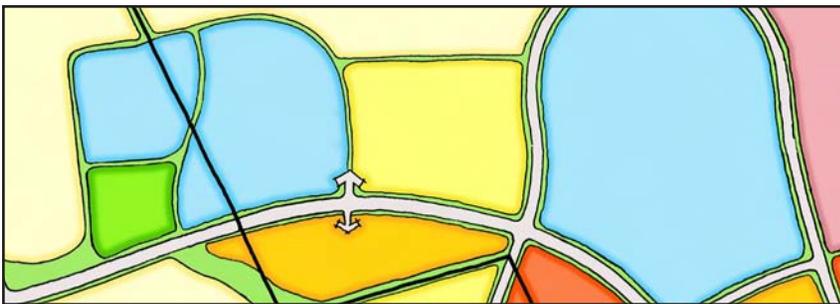
Riolo Vineyard Design Guidelines

The Riolo Vineyard Design Guidelines, a companion document to this Specific Plan, recommend a series of design policies which implement the Southern European concept.

Riolo Vineyard Development Standards

The Riolo Vineyard Development Standards, a companion document to this Specific Plan, implement the regulatory framework and planning concepts of the Specific Plan. The Riolo Vineyard Development Standards supersede portions of the Placer County Zoning Ordinance. Additionally, all project proposals will be reviewed by the Placer County Design/Site Review Committee. The Placer County Design/Site Review Committee shall make a finding of consistency among the development plan, the Riolo Vineyard Specific Plan and the accompanying Development Standards and Design Guidelines.

1.8 SPECIFIC PLAN ORGANIZATION



The Riolo Vineyard Specific Plan ultimately guides growth and development within the Plan Area. Detailed goals, policies, standards and concepts are provided to ensure that all

projects within the Plan Area are consistent with the unifying vision of the Specific Plan. The Riolo Vineyard Specific Plan is organized into the eight sections listed below:

Section 1 Introduction - This section outlines the purpose of the Specific Plan, describes the physical location, lists the necessary entitlements and approvals, summarizes the regulatory framework, and defines the project objectives.

Section 2 Setting - This section summarizes the history of the area, describes existing and adjacent uses, explains the physical characteristics, and depicts current ownership and zoning.

Section 3 Land Use - This section identifies and describes the proposed land uses and zoning for the Plan Area.

Section 4 Circulation - This section details the vehicular, pedestrian, bicycle and equestrian circulation systems for the Plan Area.

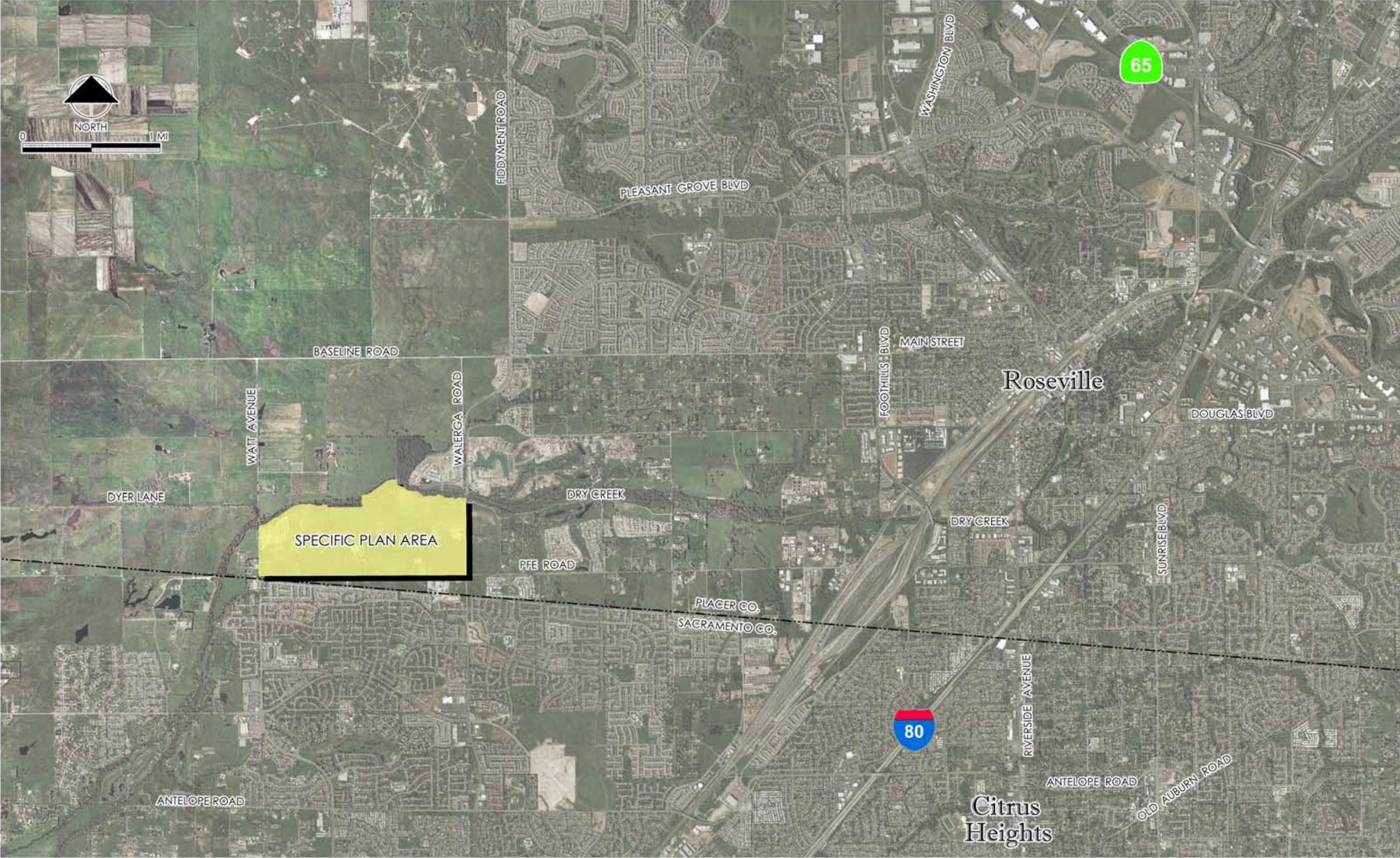
Section 5 Green Space - This section describes concepts for the design and maintenance of an interconnected series of parks, open space, and landscape corridors within the Plan Area.

Section 6 Resource Management - This section identifies the natural resources in the Plan Area and outlines a comprehensive strategy for their preservation, protection and management.

Section 7 Public Services and Utilities - This section describes the utilities (water, recycled water, wastewater, drainage, gas, electric, and communication) and services (schools, public safety, and other county services) proposed to serve Plan Area residents.

Section 8 Implementation - This section summarizes implementation measures, details the amendment and modification process, explains the project phasing, and lists the financing methods and applicable fees.

FIGURE 1.1 REGIONAL CONTEXT

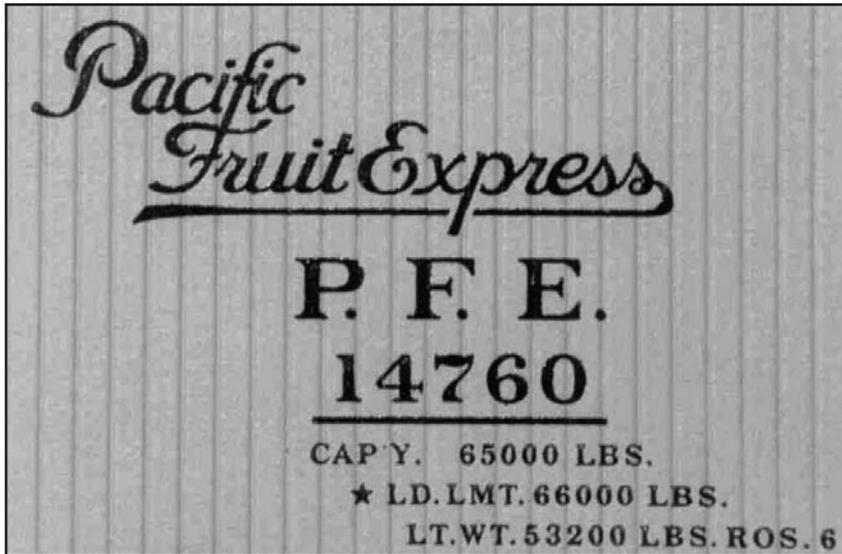




2. Setting

2.1 PLAN AREA HISTORY

The rolling hills of Placer County served as home to the Maidu Indians for over 500 years. The gold rush of 1849, however, permanently altered that landscape by introducing miners and settlers to the region. Roseville became the site of the junction between Central Pacific and California Central Railroads. It remained a small village serving farmers and ranchers until a train repair depot relocated from Rocklin into the area, changing Roseville into a bustling town.



In 1909, the first units of the Pacific Fruit Express Ice Plant were erected, and by 1920, it was known as the world's largest artificial ice plant. In fact, the name PFE Road is derived from the Pacific Fruit Express rail line that once delivered perishable fruits and vegetables from Placer County to often remote areas.

As new modes of transportation emerged, the Pacific Fruit Express railway finally became outdated. Consequently, farming that occurred along the PFE Road corridor gradually became less intense.

2.2 SITE DESCRIPTION

The Riolo Vineyard Specific Plan Area has historically been used for open space and agricultural purposes (both fallow and cultivated). Existing vegetation consists of native and exotic trees, grassland vegetation, agricultural crops, orchards, and vineyards. The Plan Area currently contains a small grove of almond trees and a vineyard, neither of which, at present, are actively harvested.

The three most significant natural features within the Plan Area are the Dry Creek riparian corridor, its associated floodplain, and the upland areas. The Dry Creek riparian corridor is heavily vegetated and will be preserved within more than 126 acres of dedicated open space. The remainder of the floodplain is sparsely vegetated, mostly with exotic grasses associated with historic agricultural use. The upland areas of the site are also vegetated predominantly by exotic grasses. Most of the existing trees in the upland area are located adjacent to Watt Avenue, Walerga Road, and PFE Road. The remaining trees are scattered throughout the rest of the site.



The topography of the Plan Area is characterized by upland areas in the southern portion of the site sloping downward to Dry Creek in the north. There is approximately 40 feet of elevation change from the highest to the lowest point on the site. The topography displays a pronounced edge between the upland area and the lower floodplain. Slopes range from ten to twenty percent along this edge. Interior to the upland area, slopes vary from one to five percent.

Small farming projects currently exist in portions of the site, including a truck farm in the northwest corner that will continue to operate as it has historically. Union Cemetery is also situated within the Plan Area. The cemetery is approximately two acres in size and is accessible from Watt Avenue.

The Existing Conditions are shown on Figure 2.1.

2.3 CONTEXT

The Community Plan designates lands south and east of the Plan Area as Low Density Residential (LDR), High Density Residential (HDR), Commercial (C), and Open Space (O). West and north of the Plan Area are designated Professional Office (P), and Open Space (O).

Doyle Ranch and Morgan Creek are two existing subdivisions located north of Dry Creek on both sides of Walerga Road. The Placer Vineyards Specific Plan area (consisting of approximately 5,200 acres) lies to the north and west of the Plan Area. The Silver Creek and Morgan Place subdivisions are also located adjacent to Riolo Vineyard, east of Walerga Road.

Located south of PFE Road and near the Walerga Road intersection is Antelope Springs Church and Wilson Riles Middle School. The Antelope community lies to the south, across the Sacramento County line, and is characterized by single-family residential development.



Compatibility with the surroundings plays a major role in the design for Riolo Vineyard. The land plan strives to minimize potential conflicts and inconsistencies with adjacent uses. Street patterns and utilities have been crafted to connect to adjacent plans, and extreme care has been taken to properly transition from one land use to another.

2.4 CURRENT OWNERSHIP

The overall Plan Area comprises approximately 526 acres and consists of 15 parcels. Eight of these parcels (approximately 323 acres) are controlled by PFE Investors, LLC. The seven remaining parcels maintain separate ownership. Among these is Parcel 23-200-057, which is currently designated Low Density Residential (LDR-DR) and Commercial (C) under the Community Plan and subject to a Williamson Act Contract. The owners of this parcel have filed a Notice of Non-Renewal and are currently proposing Medium Density Residential (MDR) development allowing up to 120 dwelling units. In order for development of this parcel to proceed, the Williamson Act contract would have to be cancelled or expire.

The Current Ownership as of the date of the Specific Plan adoption is shown on Figure 2.2.

2.5 SITE ZONING

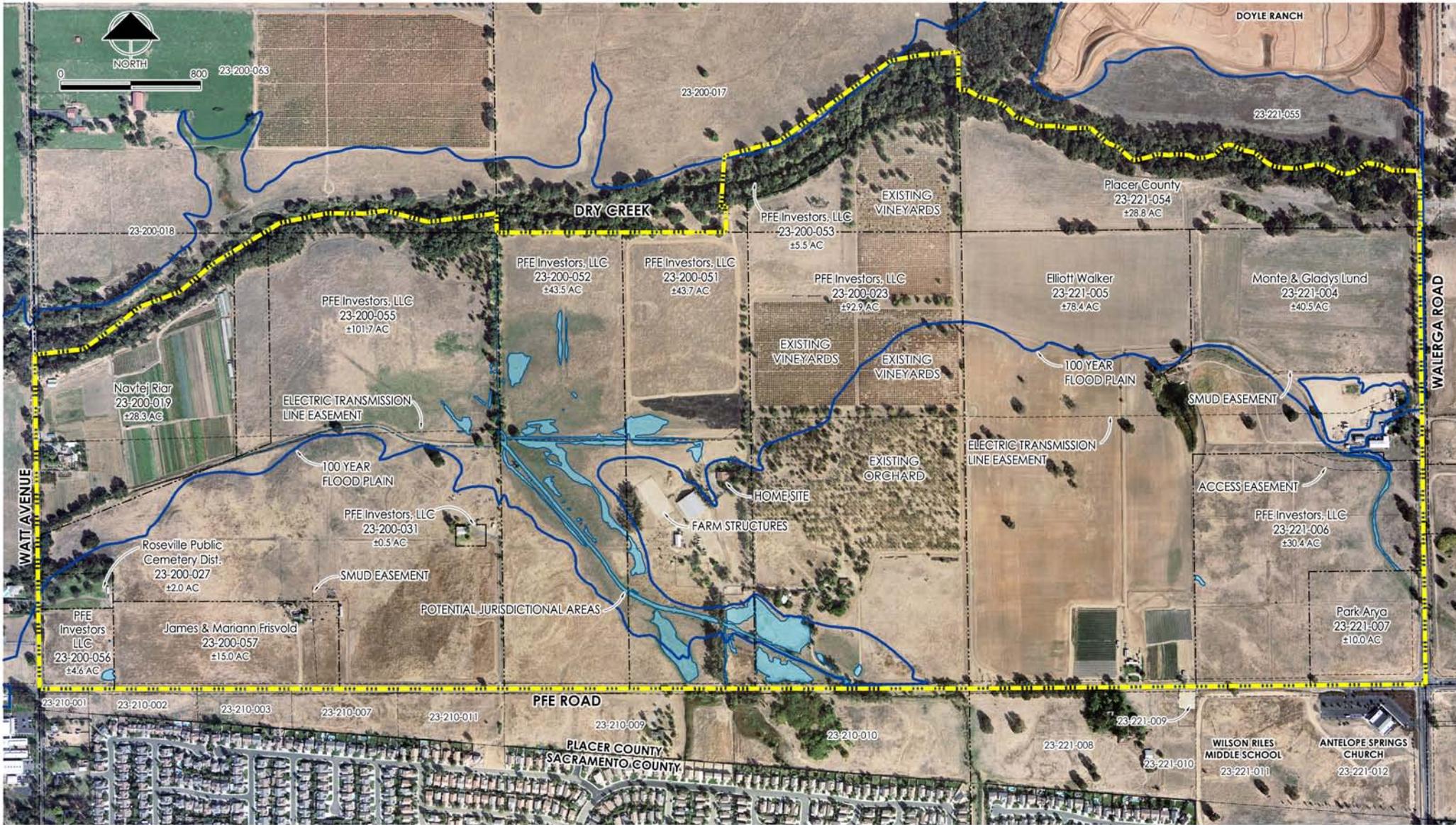
The Plan Area is currently zoned Low Density Residential (RS-AG-B-20-DR-PD=2), Open Space (OPD=2), and Commercial (C1-UP-Dc, and CPD-Dc), as listed in the Dry Creek West Placer Community Plan. The Riolo Vineyard Specific Plan includes proposed zoning classifications for the Plan Area described in Section 3.4.

Table 2.1 Specific Plan Area Assessor Parcels

Assessor Parcel Number	Owner	Approximate Gross Acreage
023-200-019	Navtej Riar	28.3
023-200-023	PFE Investors, LLC	92.9
023-200-027	Union Cemetery	2.0
023-200-051	PFE Investors, LLC	43.7
023-200-052	PFE Investors, LLC	43.5
023-200-053	PFE Investors, LLC	5.5
023-200-031	PFE Investors, LLC	0.5
023-200-055	PFE Investors, LLC	101.7
023-200-056	PFE Investors, LLC	4.6
023-200-057	James & Mariann Frisvold	15.0
023-221-006	PFE Investors, LLC	30.4
023-221-005	Elliott Walker	78.4
023-221-054	Placer County	28.8
023-221-004	Monte & Gladys Lund	40.5
023-221-007	Park Arya	10.0
Total		525.8

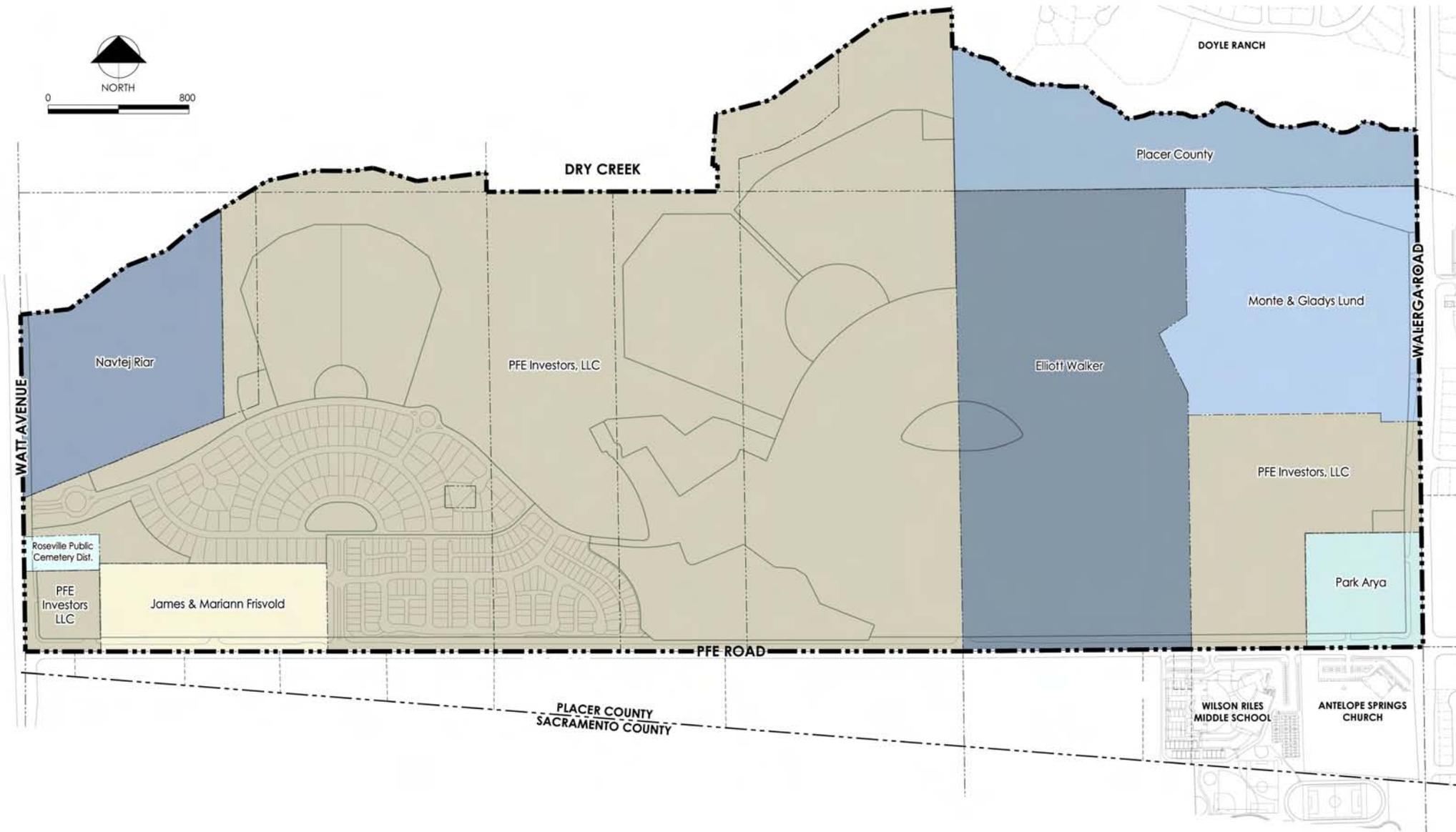
Note: Surveyed acreage differs slightly from Assessor Parcel acreages.

FIGURE 2.1 EXISTING CONDITIONS



LEGEND	
	Specific Plan Boundary
	100 Year Flood Plain
	Wetland Features

FIGURE 2.2 CURRENT OWNERSHIP





3. Land Use

3.1 LAND USE CONCEPT

The Riolo Vineyard Specific Plan envisions a master planned community with a strong sense of place. The thoughtful shaping of land uses is a critical step in implementing this goal. Riolo Vineyard offers Placer County residents all the amenities a master-planned community affords, while simultaneously embracing the rural atmosphere that is so vital to this region. The land use concept for Riolo Vineyard combines contemporary planning and design concepts with historical relevance.

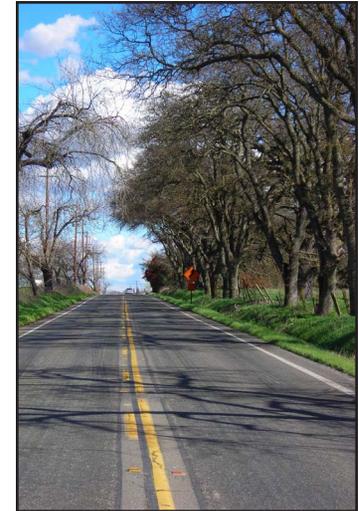


The Riolo Vineyard plan respects the natural systems on the site and compliments the character of adjacent land uses. The land use design arranges residential villages in close proximity to open space, natural habitat, parks and created agricultural parcels. The design for the northern edge of the Plan Area maintains an historic sense of openness by visually linking residents to large swaths of agriculture and open space. Just beyond, the Dry Creek riparian corridor forms a magnificent green backdrop to the community.

Approximately half of the site is offered as an interconnected system of open space, large agricultural parcels, generous landscape corridors

and conveniently accessible parks. The remainder of the site consists of several distinctive single and multi-family neighborhoods, along with smaller commercial and public uses.

Primary access to the Plan Area is from Walerga Road, PFE Road and Watt Avenue. A hierarchical roadway system distributes traffic through the Plan Area and internally connects the land uses. A multitude of alternative transportation opportunities are available via an interconnected system of pedestrian, bicycle, and equestrian trails.



3.2 LAND USE GOALS AND POLICIES

The following goals and policies establish the framework for the Riolo Vineyard Land Use Plan:

Land Use Goal #1

To create distinctive neighborhoods that integrate various land uses and residential densities which are respectful of one another.

Land Use Goal #2

To maintain a natural and open character and provide a strong sense of place.

Land Use Policies

1. Provide a mix of land uses that are economically beneficial to Placer County.
2. Respect and enhance the site's natural forms, viewsheds, and environmental attributes.

3. Provide recreational facilities that are centrally located and linked to residential areas to encourage pedestrian/bicycle/equestrian activity.
4. Establish a design program that details gateways, walls and fences, signage, lighting and landscaping standards and guidelines that will define a quality aesthetic and traditional neighborhood character.
5. Create a diverse residential project that offers a blend of housing styles, sizes and price ranges within a single community.
6. Neighborhood densities and lot sizes shall be controlled by the Specific Plan and Development Standards.
7. Homes shall face public amenities such as parks and open space where possible.
8. Residential neighborhoods shall be interconnected.
9. Adequate parking and access shall be included in all approved commercial development plans.
10. “Strip-commercial” style configurations shall be avoided.
11. Commercial development shall be designed to integrate with the overall look and feel of the project in terms of architectural style, exterior treatments, finishes, etc.
12. Provide safe and efficient pedestrian access between adjacent residential neighborhoods and the commercial site.
13. Address the relationship between commercial and adjacent residential uses by incorporating techniques such as landscaping, soundwalls, berms, fencing, and/or varied building orientations.
14. Organize land use patterns to provide an appropriate level of compatibility with adjoining land uses and reduce potential nuisance conflicts.
15. Open space, landscape corridors, single-loaded streets, setbacks, walls and fences, grading, landscape screens, and increased lot widths and/or depths may be used to transition and buffer adjacent land uses.
16. Internal residential streets shall avoid direct connections between commercial uses and adjacent residential neighborhoods.

3.3 LAND USE DESIGNATIONS

The Riolo Vineyard community will contribute to the long term growth needs of Placer County. The development pattern has been compactly organized to fit into the existing landscape while simultaneously preserving scenic vistas and environmentally sensitive areas. The community is comprised of a variety of land uses in addition to a broad range of housing opportunities.

Land Use Plan

The Riolo Vineyard Land Use Plan organizes the individual land uses in relationship to one another, shapes them to fit the existing landscape, and links them together with a logical circulation system. The Plan Area is comprised of residential, agricultural, commercial, open space, recreational and public uses. Further refinements to this design (within substantial compliance of the original) may be required in order to address technical issues that could arise during the subdivision design process.

The purpose of the Land Use Plan is to guide the development of the Specific Plan Area. The Land Use Plan solidifies the intent of the Riolo Vineyard Design Guidelines and Development Standards associated with this Specific Plan. Design of the Land Use Plan has been governed by the intent to provide a safe, distinctive, and desirable community.

The Land Uses are shown on Figure 3.1 and summarized in Table 3.1.

Land Uses

The Riolo Vineyard Specific Plan provides the following land uses:

(AG) Agriculture

The Agriculture (AG) land use designation allows existing residences and agricultural operations to continue within the Specific Plan Area. Two areas are given the AG designation: 27.1 acres in the northwest corner of the project, and 2.7 acres located in the northeastern portion. Both of these areas are located within the Dry Creek 100-year floodplain. Allowable uses within this designation shall be consistent with those listed in the Dry Creek West Placer Community Plan as well as the Placer County Zoning Ordinance. The AG land use accounts for approximately 6% of the site.



(AG-10) Agriculture-10

The Agriculture-10 (AG-10) land use designation creates six parcels which encourage small scale agricultural endeavors. The minimum AG-10 parcel size is 10 acres. The intent of these large parcels is to allow the owner to construct a custom home reflective of the Southern European character and to engage in agricultural operations with the remainder of the parcel. Buffers between this use and adjacent uses are discussed in the Land Use Compatibility section of this Chapter. The AG-10 land use accounts for approximately 61 acres, or 12% of the site.



(RR) Rural Residential

The Rural Residential (RR) land use designation allows an existing residence to remain on the site and creates an additional RR lot directly adjacent to the existing one. This proposed land use is intended to be consistent with the Dry Creek West Placer Community Plan Rural Residential land use designation and the County's Residential Agriculture zoning classification. The minimum Rural Residential parcel size is 2 acres. The RR land use accounts for approximately 1% of the site.

(LDR) Low Density Residential (1-5 du/ac)

The Low Density Residential (LDR) land use designation allows single-family detached homes on lots 5,500 square feet and larger. This land use is intended to provide a range of housing product types within several interconnected villages. This conventional residential approach is characterized by spacious homes on gently meandering streets. The allowable density range within the LDR land use designation is 1-5 dwelling units per acre. The LDR land use accounts for approximately 37% of the site and similar and compatible uses. Agricultural use of this land may continue as interim use until development occurs, pursuant to this Specific Plan.

(MDR) Medium Density Residential (5-10 du/ac)

The Medium Density Residential (MDR) designation allows for a variety of detached and attached housing products on lot sizes of 2,000 to 5,499 square feet. Medium Density Residential villages will provide a more dense approach than LDR areas, characterized by inviting porches and comfortable, shady streets. A variety of housing styles will give these areas a distinctive character. Alternative products and housing designs (duplex units, shallow-wide lots, alley-loaded products, and angled lots) are encouraged. Careful attention to detail and architectural design will ensure these homes cohesively merge with the adjacent LDR villages. The allowable density range within the MDR land use designation is 5-10 dwelling units per acre. The MDR land use accounts for approximately 7% of the site and similar and compatible uses. Agricultural use of this land may continue as interim use until development occurs, pursuant to this Specific Plan.

(HDR) High Density Residential (10-23 du/ac)

The High Density Residential (HDR) designation is intended to provide affordable multiple family housing units within the Specific Plan Area. High Density Residential may accommodate opportunities for rental (apartments, etc.) or ownership (condominiums, townhomes, etc.). The location of the HDR site corresponds with a commercial site located in the Dry Creek West Placer Community Plan. This approach is consistent with the Community Plan, which permits “the relocation of commercial uses to the best possible location” (page 40). Careful attention to design within the HDR land use is encouraged. Architecture should address variations in massing, staggered facades and entries, varied rooflines and other thematic treatments. HDR units with street frontage shall orient living spaces and porches toward the street in order to avoid obvious side or rear view appearances. Refer to the Riolo Vineyard Development Standards and Design Guidelines for specific site design requirements. The allowable density range within the HDR designation is 10-23 units per acre. The HDR land use accounts for approximately 1% of the site. Agricultural use of this land may continue as interim use until development occurs, pursuant to this Specific Plan.

(CO) Commercial

The Commercial (CO) designation is intended to provide village retail, restaurants, services and/or business-professional uses, which support the daily needs of residents within the Plan Area. The CO land use is located in the southeast portion of the Plan Area, at the intersection of Walerga Road and PFE Road. The commercial site could include neighborhood-serving uses such as markets, restaurants, shops, banking, ice-cream parlors, laundry/cleaners, cafe/deli, offices, and other similar uses. The CO land use accounts for approximately 1% of the site.



(PQP) Public or Quasi-Public

The Public or Quasi-Public (PQP) land use designation is intended to define those sites devoted to public use. One such area incorporates the existing Union Cemetery plus adjacent land for future expansion. Cemetery land is property that may be designated as cemetery lots and sold for burial purposes. The remaining two PQP sites are designated for public utility facilities required to serve the Plan Area. These sites include a proposed lift station/ recycled water facility and a proposed electrical substation site. The PQP land use accounts for approximately 4% of the site.

(O) Open Space

The Open Space (O) land use designation is intended to preserve areas with conservational, agricultural, natural, cultural, recreational and scenic values. Open Space land uses typically protect wetlands, creeks, trees, sensitive habitats and other natural areas. These areas may also include compatible uses such as flood control, utilities, drainage channels, mitigation, special setback areas and recreational uses. The Open Space land use designation includes only natural and/or passive open space and does not include parks or landscape corridors. The O land use accounts for approximately 24% of the site.

(P) Parks and Recreation

The Parks and Recreation (P) land use designation is intended to provide a natural environment where residents can socialize and interact. This land use has been specifically designed as a focal point for the various residential villages. Four parks are planned within the Riolo Vineyard Specific



Plan Area. Each one is centrally located to allow convenient pedestrian access and appropriately sized to give the flexibility of both passive and active uses. Amenities within this land use may include tot lots, sport fields, trails, picnic areas, and passive natural areas. The P land use accounts for approximately 2% of the site.

Landscape Corridors

Landscape corridors enhance the visual quality of a community by incorporating large swathes of greenery and providing pedestrian linkages at key locations.



Landscape corridors are designed along the three major roadways (Watt Avenue, PFE Road and Walerga Road) and at each of the project entries. Additional landscape corridors provide pedestrian connections to residential villages, parks, commercial centers and other neighborhood amenities.

3.4 ZONING DISTRICTS

The Riolo Vineyard Specific Plan establishes zoning districts which implement the desired densities and character of the Plan Area. Regulations or components not described within this Specific Plan shall default to the Placer County Zoning Ordinance for the applicable provisions.

The Zoning is shown on Figure 3.2 and summarized in Table 3.2.

3.5 LAND USE COMPATIBILITY

Thoughtful planning and land use design can help reduce potential conflicts between differing land uses. Adjoining land uses have the potential to produce nuisances which can impact one another. These could include unwanted noises, odors, light, dust, chemical or fertilizer use, traffic, views, shading, and structures. Minimizing these potential conflicts is one goal of effective planning and land use design. Through the use of appropriate transitions, land use patterns, and individual site designs, the Riolo Vineyard Specific Plan ensures the creation of a harmonious and cohesive living environment that can be enjoyed by all types of future users.

Residential Density

Residential land uses (excluding AG and AG-10) encompass approximately 45 percent of the Plan Area. The allowable density range for Low Density Residential (LDR) is 1-5 units per acre. Medium Density Residential (MDR) portions allow 5-10 units per acre. High Density Residential (HDR) permits 10-23 units per acre. Areas devoted to open space, public parks, major roadways, public facilities, and agricultural uses are not included in the calculation of densities. Densities proposed in the plan area are higher than those in the Dry Creek West Placer Community Plan. However, the Plan Area's overall

density remains less than two dwelling units per gross acre as a result of the permissible density transfer from the floodplain to adjoining lands (Dry Creek West Placer Community Plan, page 40) and within the range assumed for public services.

Agricultural Practices Restrictions

The Riolo Vineyard Specific Plan not only recognizes the vastly important role agriculture has played on this part of the County, but also embraces this rich history by proposing approximately 60 acres of AG-10 land and five acres of RR, and preserving approximately 30 acres of existing AG land within the Plan Area. Locating new residential development in close proximity to agricultural operations, however, has the potential to create land use compatibility issues. Agricultural operations typically result in increased levels of noise, dust and odors. In order to reduce these potential impacts, new development must comply with the Placer County Right-to-Farm ordinance, which states that existing farming operations that have followed proper and accepted practices cannot be deemed a “nuisance”.



In addition, the General Plan requires new non-agricultural development immediately adjacent to agricultural lands to provide a sufficient buffer. The Specific Plan prohibits agricultural activities on AG-10 lots within 50’ of adjacent LDR, Parks, and other active

recreation areas. Ag-10 lots will also be subject to a Swainson’s Hawk conservation easement, which will limit certain uses within these lots. Landscaping and grading within adjacent Park sites shall be designed to effectively screen these uses from one another. In addition, agricultural fencing will be provided along the perimeter of AG-10 lots which will

further limit the potential for unwanted interaction between these uses. Project design will maintain adequate physical separation between proposed residential development and existing agricultural operations within the Specific Plan area. Where residential development would abut agricultural uses on an adjacent parcel, a minimum 50-foot separation from habitable structures is to be maintained unless the developer obtains a letter agreement from the owner of the adjacent parcel providing for the cessation of existing or future agricultural operations. In all cases, the requirement for physical separation would terminate at the time an application for development of the adjacent parcel is submitted to the County. Physical separation may be maintained by roadways, landscape corridors, structural setbacks on developed parcels, or temporary restrictions on development of residential parcels, as appropriate.

In 1990, the County Board of Supervisors adopted the Dry Creek West Placer Community Plan, which designated the non-floodplain portions of the Specific Plan area for Low Density Residential and Commercial Use. While agricultural activities have been historically conducted within the Specific Plan area, existing agricultural activities within the non-floodplain portions of the Specific Plan area are to be regarded as transitional uses, which would be phased out as development under the Specific Plan occurs. For this reason, strict application of standard General Plan buffer requirements on developed parcels would result in discontinuous and non-cohesive patterns of development, with residential communities separated by remnant buffer strips as land on both sides develops. In order for new agricultural uses on AG-10 parcels to remain viable in the context of a planned community, reasonable restrictions on new agricultural uses have been proposed by the project applicant.



The following Agricultural Practices Restrictions are proposed by the project proponent within the AG-10 land use designation. Refer to the Riolo Vineyard Development Standards for a list of permitted uses for AG and RR land uses.

1. A minimum of 8 acres of each Agricultural-10 parcel will be subject to enforceable management practices to maintain foraging habitat value for Swainson's Hawk. This area (the Preservation Area) would exclude generally the building envelope portion of each Agricultural-10 parcel. The following activities would be permitted within the Preservation Area:

- Grazing
- Cultivation of field and row crops
- Maintenance of existing vineyards and orchards, including replacement plantings within existing orchard or vineyard areas. Planting of additional vineyards or orchards is not permitted.
- Application of pesticides, upon the issuance of a Pesticide Operator ID Number by the Placer County Department of Agriculture.
- Private Recreational use
- Construction of unpaved roadways as reasonably needed for access and maintenance

The following activities would be prohibited within the Preservation Area:

- Natural resource development (extraction of minerals, aggregate, or hydrocarbons)
 - Commercial composting
 - Destruction of native trees, except for disease or insect control, or to prevent property damage or personal injury
 - Expansion of orchards or vineyards within the Plan Area (areas with existing historical orchards and vineyards may remain under continuing cultivation)
 - Alteration of native grassland, except as consistent with or to facilitate the permitted activities listed above.
 - Livestock feedlots
 - Grading activities, except in connection with agricultural activities such as plowing or planting.
2. Organic farming practices and the use of synthetic pesticides and fertilizers are encouraged. Pesticide application shall be in accordance with all applicable County, state and federal regulations. Pesticides shall be applied by hand pump equipment, small tractor pulled sprayers, or by hand-held applicators (backpack sprayers). Pesticides shall not be applied by aerial spraying, or when air movement could cause off-site drift.
 3. Soil tilling, earth moving, and fertilizer and pesticide application shall not be permitted when wind conditions would result in off-site drift of fugitive dust, fertilizer or pesticides.
 4. Application of organic fertilizer (manure or compost), if utilized, shall be performed in a manner that minimizes significant odor impacts on adjacent residential parcels.
 5. The use of mechanical equipment for agricultural purposes shall be limited to between the hours of 7:00 AM to 10:00 PM.

6. Agricultural areas shall be maintained to provide drainage and minimize the collection of standing surface water.
7. Hunting activities are prohibited.
8. Open burning shall be limited to vegetation materials (green waste) and shall not be conducted within 200 feet of a public street, trail or park facility. Open burning activities shall require a burn permit from the Placer County Air Pollution Control District (APCD) and shall be in compliance with APCD Regulation 3.

These restrictions on practices within Agricultural-10 parcels will be identified in the Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions (CC&Rs) and enforced by the homeowners association. The Agricultural Practices Restrictions identified above are listed for reference purposes only. These practices are not adopted by the County as regulatory restrictions on agriculture. Amendments to the Agricultural Practices Restrictions do not constitute or require an amendment to the Specific Plan.

Affordable Housing

Affordable housing is provided within the Specific Plan Area in accordance with County guidance for all Specific Plans, which requires a minimum of 10 percent of all new housing construction to meet the following affordability:

- At least 4% of new housing construction will be affordable to very low-income families.
- At least 4% of new housing construction will be affordable to low-income families.
- At least 2% of new housing construction will be affordable to moderate-income families.

Affordable Housing Requirement

Affordable housing will be maintained under the terms of an affordable housing agreement with the County. For the purposes of this Specific Plan, household income categories are defined as follows:

- Moderate = up to 120% of Placer County Median Income
- Low = up to 80% of Placer County Median Income
- Very Low = up to 50% of Placer County Median Income

For the year 2007, the Placer County Median Income, as determined by the federal Department of Housing and Urban Development, was \$67,200.00.

It is the intent of this Specific Plan to provide high and medium density housing opportunities within the Plan Area in order to satisfy affordable housing obligations. Residential units used to satisfy affordable housing obligations of the Specific Plan shall be constructed within the Plan Area, unless otherwise approved by the County. The obligations of the Project Applicant (PFE Investors) to provide housing to very-low and low income families will be satisfied within the high density residential community, while affordable housing for moderate-income families will be provided as designated “for-sale” units within the medium density residential community. The eventual number of affordable units may fluctuate based upon the total number of units approved by the county and developed by each applicant within the Specific Plan Area, in adherence to the 10 percent requirement. Affordable housing units may be transferred to different locations of the site depending upon the ultimate affordable housing obligations. Low density residential units within the Specific Plan area developed by PFE Investors need not be restricted in order to satisfy affordable housing requirements. Affordable housing obligations of other landowner-participants within the Specific Plan area (Frisvold and Lund parcels) shall be satisfied with residential units developed on those parcels, or through the provisions of future agreements with the county.

Table 3.1 Land Use Summary

Land Use	Lot Size	Units	Acres	Percent
Residential (PFE Investors)				
Low Density Residential	5,500 sf lots or larger	378	110.4	21.0 %
Medium Density Residential	2,000 - 5,499 sf lots	157	23.7	4.5 %
High Density Residential	N/A	60	3.2	0.6 %
Rural Residential	2 acre minimum	2	5.0	1.0 %
Residential (PFE Investors) Total		597	142.3	27.1 %
Residential (Others)*				
Medium Density Residential (Frisvold)	2,000 - 5,499 sf lots	120	12.6	2.4 %
Low Density Residential (Elliott)	5,500 sf lots or larger	170	74.2	14.1 %
Low Density Residential (Lund)	5,500 sf lots or larger	40	36.5	6.9 %
Residential (Others) Total		330	123.3	23.4 %
Agricultural				
Agriculture-10	10 acre minimum	6	61.3	11.7 %
Agriculture	N/A	N/A	29.8	5.7 %
Agricultural Total		6	91.1	17.4 %
Commercial				
Commercial	N/A	N/A	7.5	1.4 %
Commercial Total			7.5	1.4 %
Green Space				
Open Space	N/A	N/A	123.9	23.6 %
Parks and Recreation	N/A	N/A	10.1	1.9 %
Green Space Total			134.0	25.5 %
Public or Quasi-Public				
Cemetery	N/A	N/A	4.8	0.9 %
Major Road/ Landscape Corridor	N/A	N/A	20.3	3.9 %
Pump Station/ RW Facility	N/A	N/A	2.0	0.4 %
Substation	N/A	N/A	0.5	0.1 %
Public or Quasi-Public Total			27.6	5.3 %
Project Area Total		933	525.8	100%

* (Others) refers to parcels not owned by PFE Investors which have been allocated residential units.

Table 3.2 Zoning/ Land Use Comparison

Zoning	Land Use
SPL-RVSP-HDR	HDR High Density Residential
SPL-RVSP-MDR	MDR Medium Density Residential
SPL-RVSP-LDR	LDR Low Density Residential
SPL-RVSP-RR	RR Rural Residential
SPL-RVSP-AG-10	AG-10 Agriculture -10
SPL-RVSP-O	O Open Space
SPL-RVSP-LDR, MDR, HDR, RR, AG-10	P Parks and Recreation
SPL-RVSP-LDR, MDR, HDR, RR, AG-10, O	PQP Public or Quasi-Public

Note: All properties not under the control of PFE Investors shall retain their existing Zoning.