

2023 Placer County - Tracked Bills Report Date - 4/10/2023

[AB 18](#)

(Patterson, Joe R) Controlled substances.

Status: 2/14/2023-Coauthors revised. In committee: Set, first hearing. Failed passage. Reconsideration granted.

Summary: Current law makes it a crime to possess for sale or purchase for purpose of sale, transport, sell, furnish, administer, give away, manufacture, compound, convert, produce, derive, process, or prepare various controlled substances, including, among others, fentanyl, peyote, and various other opiates and narcotics. This bill would require a person who is convicted of, or who pleads guilty or no contest to, the above crimes to receive a written advisory of the danger of manufacturing or distribution of controlled substances and that, if a person dies as a result of that action, the manufacturer or distributor can be charged with voluntary manslaughter or murder.

Position
Watch

Subject
Public Safety

[AB 19](#)

(Patterson, Joe R) Pupil health: opioid antagonists.

Status: 3/1/2023-Measure version as amended on February 27 corrected.

Summary: Current law authorizes school districts, county offices of education, and charter schools to provide emergency naloxone hydrochloride or another opioid antagonist to school nurses or voluntary trained personnel, and authorizes those nurses and voluntary trained personnel to use naloxone hydrochloride or another opioid antagonist to provide emergency medical aid to persons suffering, or reasonably believed to be suffering, from an opioid overdose, as provided. This bill would require each individual public school operated by a school district, county office of education, or charter school to maintain at least two doses of naloxone hydrochloride or another opioid antagonist for purposes of those authorizations.

Position

Subject
Public Safety

[AB 24](#)

(Haney D) Emergency response: opioid antagonist kits.

Status: 4/3/2023-Re-referred to Com. on HEALTH.

Summary: Would require a person or entity that owns or is responsible for a designated facility, defined as a bar, as defined, gas station, public library, or residential hotel, as defined, in a county that is experiencing an opioid overdose crisis, as defined, to acquire and post an opioid antagonist kit, which includes an instructional poster and opioid antagonist nasal spray, in areas that are readily accessible only by employees, including, but not limited to, a break room, and to restock the opioid antagonist kit after each use. The bill would apply the provisions governing civil liability described above to a person or designated facility that provides aid with an opioid antagonist kit stored at the designated facility. The bill would provide that a designated facility and its employees have no obligation to provide an opioid antagonist in the event of an apparent overdose and shall face no liability if they fail to identify an apparent overdose or provide an opioid antagonist, and that a designated facility is not obligated to acquire, post, or restock opioid antagonist kits under specified circumstances. The bill would require the department to provide opioid antagonist kits free of charge, to create the opioid antagonist poster with easy-to-understand instructions and graphics on the administration of the attached opioid antagonist nasal spray, and to make the determination on how best to allocate and distribute its limited supply of opioid antagonist among its various programs in the event of an opioid antagonist supply shortage. The bill would make a violation of these provisions subject to a civil penalty of not more than \$1,000.

Position
Watch

Subject
General

[AB 40](#)

(Rodriguez D) Emergency medical services.

Status: 3/28/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on HEALTH. (Ayes 5. Noes 0.) (March 27). Re-referred to Com. on HEALTH.

Summary: Would require the Emergency Medical Services Authority to develop an electronic signature for use between the emergency department medical personnel at a receiving facility and the transporting emergency medical personnel that captures the points in time when the hospital receives notification of ambulance arrival and when transfer of care is executed for documentation of ambulance patient offload time, as defined. The bill would require the authority to develop a statewide standard of 20 minutes, 90% of the time, for ambulance patient offload time. The bill would also require the authority to develop an audit tool to improve data accuracy regarding transfer of care, as specified, and to provide technical assistance and funding as needed, subject to an appropriation, for small rural hospitals and volunteer EMS providers to implement these provisions. The bill would require the authority to adopt emergency regulations to implement these provisions on or before March 1, 2024.

Position
Oppose

Subject
Emergency

[AB 67](#) (Muratsuchi D) Homeless Courts Pilot Program.

Status: 3/21/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 9. Noes 0.) (March 21). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Summary: Would, upon an appropriation by the Legislature, create the Homeless Courts Pilot Program, which would remain in effect until January 1, 2029, to be administered by the Judicial Council for the purpose of providing comprehensive community-based services to achieve stabilization for, and address the specific legal needs of, homeless individuals who are involved with the criminal justice system. The bill would require applicant cities or counties seeking grant funds to provide a number of specified services or program components, including, but not limited to, a diversion program enabling participating defendants to have specified charges dismissed upon completion of a program, provision of temporary, time-limited, or permanent housing during the duration of the program, and a dedicated representative to assist defendants with housing needs. The bill would require an applicant for grant funding under the program to submit a plan for a new homeless court program or expansion of an existing homeless court program, and would require any funding awarded to an applicant to be used in accordance with that plan.

Position**Subject**

Homeless, Public Safety

[AB 78](#) (Ward D) Grand juries.

Status: 3/22/2023-In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.

Summary: Current law permits a grand jury to inquire into all public offenses committed or triable within the county and present them to the court by indictment. Current law requires the fees for grand jurors to be \$15 per each day's attendance as a grand juror. This bill would require that fee to be equal to 70% of the county median daily income for each day's attendance. By increasing the fee for grand jurors, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

Position**Subject**

Watch

General, Labor, Public Safety

[AB 79](#) (Weber D) Law enforcement agency policies: remotely operated force options.

Status: 3/13/2023-Re-referred to Com. on PUB. S.

Summary: Current law prohibits law enforcement agencies from authorizing the use of certain types of force by its officers. This bill would prohibit a peace officer from using deadly force against a person or intend to injure, intimidate, or disorient a person by utilizing an unmanned, remotely piloted, powered ground or flying equipment unless specified criteria are met, including that the law enforcement agency has obtained prior approval from the relevant governing body to use that equipment, the officer cannot subdue the threat after using alternative force options and deescalation tactics, and the law enforcement employee has completed training on the use of the equipment.

Position**Subject**

Watch

[AB 84](#) (Ward D) Property tax: welfare exemption: affordable housing.

Status: 3/29/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on REV. & TAX. (Ayes 8. Noes 0.) (March 29). Re-referred to Com. on REV. & TAX.

Summary: Current property tax law, in accordance with the California Constitution, provides for a "welfare exemption" for property used exclusively for religious, hospital, scientific, or charitable purposes and that is owned or operated by certain types of nonprofit entities, if certain qualifying criteria are met. Under current property tax law, property that meets these requirements that is used exclusively for rental housing and related facilities is entitled to a partial exemption, equal to that percentage of the value of the property that is equal to the percentage that the number of units serving lower income households represents of the total number of residential units, in any year that any of certain criteria apply, including that the acquisition, rehabilitation, development, or operation of the property, or any combination of these factors, is financed with tax-exempt mortgage revenue bonds or general obligation bonds, or is financed by local, state, or federal loans or grants and the rents of the occupants who are lower income households do not exceed those prescribed by deed restrictions or regulatory agreements pursuant to the terms of the financing or financial assistance. This bill would expand this partial exemption to property acquired, rehabilitated, developed, or operated, or any combination of these factors, with financing from qualified 501(c)(3) bonds, as defined.

Position**Subject**

Housing

[AB 240](#) (Kalra D) Dogs and cats: California Spay-Neuter Fund.

Status: 3/29/2023-In committee: Hearing postponed by committee.

Summary: Current law establishes the Pure Pet Food Act of 1969, which is administered by the State Department of Public Health. Under the act, every person who manufactures a processed pet food, as defined, in California is required to first obtain a license from, and every person who manufactures a processed pet food for import into California from another state is required to first obtain a registration certificate from, the State Department of Public Health. Current law excludes from the definition of "processed pet food" fresh or frozen pet foods subject to the control of the Department of Food and Agriculture. Under existing law, an annual license or registration certificate shall only be issued when certain conditions are met, including, among others, when the applicant submits to the State Department of Public Health the label that would be attached to the container of each type of processed pet food. Current law also provides that, unless a different penalty is expressly provided, a violation of any provision of the Food and Agricultural Code is a misdemeanor. This bill would require the Department of Food and Agriculture to collect, on an annual basis, a charge of \$200 from a manufacturer of dog and cat food, as defined, for each label submitted by the manufacturer to the State Department of Public Health for dog and cat food, as provided.

Position
Watch

Subject
HHS

[AB 280](#) (Holden D) Segregated confinement.

Status: 3/14/2023-Coauthors revised. From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 6. Noes 1.) (March 14). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Summary: Would require every jail, prison, public or privately operated detention facility, and a facility in which individuals are subject to confinement or involuntary detention to develop and follow written procedures governing the management of segregated confinement, as specified, and to make those written procedures publicly available. The bill would require those facilities to document the use of segregated confinement by, among other things, providing written orders of that confinement to the individual confined, as specified. The bill would prohibit those facilities from involuntarily placing an individual in segregated confinement if the individual belongs to a designated population, including, among others, that the individual has a mental or physical disability or that the individual is under 26 years of age or over 59 years of age. The bill would require the facility to periodically check on the individual and have a medical or mental health professional periodically assess the individual. This bill would require a facility to offer out-of-cell programming to individuals in segregated confinement for at least 4 hours per day, not including time spent on an unpaid work assignment or in paid employment. The bill would require a facility to maximize the amount of time that an incarcerated person held in segregated confinement spends outside of their cell by providing outdoor and indoor recreation, education, clinically appropriate treatment therapies, and skill-building activities, as specified, and would require facilities to develop and provide appropriate programming to individuals that pose a significant safety risk to themselves or others, as specified.

Position
Watch

Subject
Public Safety

[AB 284](#) (Patterson, Joe R) Department of Housing and Community Development: annual report: Homeless Housing, Assistance, and Prevention program.

Status: 2/2/2023-Referred to Com. on H. & C.D.

Summary: Under current law, grants under the Homeless Housing, Assistance, and Prevention (HHAP) program are allocated in 4 rounds of funding, administered by the California Interagency Council on Homelessness, as provided. Current law requires the Department of Housing and Community Development to submit an annual report to the Governor and both houses of the Legislature on the operations and accomplishments during the previous fiscal year of the housing programs administered by the department. Current law requires that the report include, among other things, the number of units assisted by those programs and the number of individuals and households served and their income level. This bill would additionally require that this report include an evaluation of the HHAP program.

Position
Watch

Subject
CDRA, Housing

[AB 291](#) (Patterson, Jim R) Sales and Use Tax: exemptions: trucks for use in interstate or out-of-state commerce.

Status: 3/14/2023-In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.

Summary: State sales and use tax laws impose a tax on retailers measured by the gross receipts from the sale of tangible personal property sold at retail in this state or on the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of tangible personal property purchased from a retailer for storage, use, or other consumption in this state. The Sales and Use Tax Law provides various exemptions from those taxes, including, until January 1, 2024, an exemption for the sale of, or the storage, use, or other consumption of, a new, used, or remanufactured truck with an unladen weight of 6,000 pounds or more that is purchased for use without this state and is delivered to the purchaser within this state, and the purchaser drives or moves the vehicle to any point outside this state within 30 or 75 days, as applicable, from and after the date of delivery, if the purchaser furnishes certain documents to the

manufacturer or remanufacturer. This bill would extend that exemption until January 1, 2029.

Position
Watch

Subject
Finance

[AB 292](#) (Pellerin D) Primary elections: ballots.

Status: 2/15/2023-Re-referred to Com. on ELECTIONS.

Summary: Would require, for any nonpartisan ballot provided to a voter who has declined to disclose a political party preference for use in a presidential primary election, that a space be provided on or enclosed with the ballot for the voter to write in the name of a candidate who has been nominated by a party that authorizes such voters to vote in its primary election.

Position

Subject

[AB 305](#) (Villapudua D) California Flood Protection Bond Act of 2024.

Status: 3/27/2023-Re-referred to Com. on W., P., & W.

Summary: Would enact the California Flood Protection Bond Act of 2024 which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$3,750,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law for flood protection projects, as specified. The bill would provide for the submission of these provisions to the voters at the November 5, 2024, statewide general election.

Position

Subject
Natural
Resources

[AB 312](#) (Reyes D) State Partnership for Affordable Housing Registries in California Grant Program.

Status: 4/3/2023-Re-referred to Com. on H. & C.D.

Summary: Would establish, subject to appropriation by the Legislature, the State Partnership for Affordable Housing Registries in California Grant Program to provide technical assistance to eligible entities, as defined, for the purpose of creating a state-managed online platform of affordable housing listings, information, and applications. The bill would require the department to administer the program and to adopt guidelines for this purpose. The bill would require the department to develop a housing preapplication to standardize applications for affordable housing and to solicit participation of eligible entities no later than January 1, 2026, and to launch the platform no later than July 1, 2027. The bill would require the department to provide technical assistance to participating entities and to ensure equitable access to database users, as specified. The bill would authorize the department to coordinate with the Office of Data and Innovation to carry out the requirements of the program and to contract with vendors pursuant to existing provisions of state contract law, as specified. The bill would establish minimum requirements for the platform and would require a vendor selected to create and maintain the platform to demonstrate specified capabilities and implement those requirements. The bill would exempt from disclosure as a public record any personally identifiable information collected by the platform or shared between eligible entities and the department in administering the program.

Position

Subject
CDRA, Housing

[AB 314](#) (Patterson, Jim R) Sales and Use Tax: exemptions: trucks for use in interstate or out-of-state commerce.

Status: 3/30/2023-Read second time. Ordered to Consent Calendar.

Summary: Current state sales and use tax laws impose a tax on retailers measured by the gross receipts from the sale of tangible personal property sold at retail in this state or on the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of tangible personal property purchased from a retailer for storage, use, or other consumption in this state. The Sales and Use Tax Law provides various exemptions from those taxes, including, until January 1, 2024, an exemption for the sale of, or the storage, use, or other consumption of, a new, used, or remanufactured truck, or a new or remanufactured trailer or semitrailer, with an unladen weight of 6,000 pounds or more that is purchased for use without this state and is delivered to the purchaser within this state, and the purchaser drives or moves the vehicle to any point outside this state within 30 or 75 days, as applicable, from and after the date of delivery, if the purchaser furnishes certain documents to the manufacturer or remanufacturer. Those documents include the purchaser's affidavit as to the exclusive use of the vehicle in interstate or foreign commerce, and the vehicle having been taken out of the state within the applicable time period. This bill would extend that exemption until January 1, 2029, and would similarly exempt a used trailer or semitrailer until that date.

Position
Watch

Subject

[AB 338](#) (Aguiar-Curry D) Public works: definition.

Status: 3/22/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 6. Noes 0.) (March 22). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Summary: Current law requires that, except as specified, not less than the general prevailing rate of per diem wages, determined by the Director of Industrial Relations, be paid to workers employed on public works projects. Existing law defines the term "public works" for purposes of requirements regarding the payment of prevailing wages to include construction, alteration, demolition, installation, or repair work done under contract and paid for using public funds, except as specified. Current law makes a willful violation of laws relating to the payment of prevailing wages on public works a misdemeanor. This bill would, commencing January 1, 2025, expand the definition of "public works" to include fuel reduction work done under contract and paid for in whole or in part out of public funds performed as part of a fire mitigation project, as specified. The bill would limit those provisions to work that falls within an apprenticeship occupation in the building and construction trades for which an apprenticeship program has been approved and to contracts in excess of \$100,000. The bill would delay the application of those provisions until January 1, 2026, for nonprofits.

Position
Oppose

Subject
Forests / Fire,
Natural
Resources

[AB 366](#) (Petrie-Norris D) County human services agencies: workforce development.

Status: 3/27/2023-Re-referred to Com. on HUM. S.

Summary: Would require the State Department of Social Services to establish a \$5,000,000 stipend program, subject to an appropriation by the Legislature, for the purpose of providing grants in the form of educational stipends to community college students who have an interest in public child welfare work. The bill would require the department to administer the program through existing mechanisms applicable to other postsecondary education stipend programs administered by the department for which the state receives matching funds pursuant to specified federal law. The bill would require the program to provide stipends to students enrolled in a community college in counties with a population of 500,000 or less, and who are in a relevant program of coursework, as specified.

Position
Watch

Subject
HHS, Labor

[AB 372](#) (Nguyen, Stephanie D) CalWORKs: eligibility: income exclusions.

Status: 3/6/2023-Re-referred to Com. on HUM. S.

Summary: Current law provides for the California Work Opportunity and Responsibility to Kids (CalWORKs) program under which each county provides cash assistance and other benefits to qualified low-income families. Under current law, certain types of payments received by recipients of aid under the CalWORKs program, including income from a college work-study program, as specified, are exempt from consideration as income for purposes of determining eligibility and aid amount. This bill would additionally exempt income received by an apprentice or preapprentice for performing work as part of a specified apprenticeship program or preapprenticeship program from consideration as income for purposes of determining eligibility or calculating grant amounts under the CalWORKs program.

Position
Watch

Subject
HHS, Labor

[AB 398](#) (Pellerin D) Voting: replacement ballots.

Status: 3/30/2023-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

Summary: Current law requires an elections official to provide a 2nd vote by mail voter ballot to any voter upon receipt of a statement under penalty of perjury that the voter has failed to receive, lost, or destroyed their original ballot. This bill would remove the requirement that the voter provide a statement under penalty of perjury, and instead require the elections official to provide a replacement ballot upon request. The bill would require the voter making the request to provide the elections official with specified personal identifying information. The bill would also require the elections official, prior to issuing the replacement ballot, to advise the requester that a request for a replacement ballot made by a person other than the registered voter is a criminal offense.

Position

Subject
Elections

[AB 400](#) (Rubio, Blanca D) Local agency design-build projects: authorization.

Status: 2/9/2023-Referred to Com. on L. GOV.

Summary: Current law authorizes local agencies, as defined, to use the design-build procurement process for specified types of projects, as prescribed. Current law, among other requirements for the design-build procurement process, requires specified information submitted by a design-build entity to be certified under penalty of perjury. These provisions authorizing the use of the design-build procurement process are repealed on January 1, 2025. This bill would remove the January 1, 2025, repeal date, thereby making these provisions operative indefinitely.

Position

Subject
General

[AB 411](#)

(Bennett D) California Recreational Trails and Greenways Act.

Status: 3/29/2023-From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to Com. on REV. & TAX. Read second time and amended.

Summary: Would require the Department of Parks and Recreation to establish the California Recreational Trails and Greenways Program to, beginning in 2024, award competitive grants on a biennial basis for new, expanded, or improved public access opportunities through nonmotorized recreational trail creation, improvement, enhancement, and restoration projects. The bill would create the California Recreational Trails and Greenways Fund in the State Treasury, and would require that specified moneys, including, to the extent consistent with Proposition 68, unexpended Proposition 68 moneys that revert to the administering agency for allocation, upon appropriation by the Legislature, be deposited into the fund and, upon appropriation by the Legislature, be available for allocation by the department for purposes of the program, as specified. In order to reduce the financial burdens associated with frontloaded cost structures and match requirements, the bill would authorize the department to create a loan or grant process for advanced payment and match assistance to reduce barriers to participation in the program.

Position

Subject

Natural Resources, Parks/Open Space

[AB 457](#)

(Patterson, Joe R) Surplus Land Act: exempt surplus land: leases.

Status: 3/29/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on H. & C.D. (Ayes 8. Noes 0.) (March 29). Re-referred to Com. on H. & C.D.

Summary: Current law requires land to be declared surplus land or exempt surplus land, as supported by written findings, before a local agency takes any action to dispose of it consistent with the agency's policies or procedures. Current law requires any local agency disposing of surplus land to send, prior to disposing of that property or participating in negotiations to dispose of that property with a prospective transferee, a written notice of availability of the property pursuant to prescribed procedures. This bill would expand "exempt surplus land" to include a parcel that is (1) identified in the local agency's circulation element or capital improvement program for future roadway development, (2) no larger than 2 acres, (3) zoned for retail commercial use, and leased for a purpose consistent with the underlying zoning, and (4) abuts a state highway right-of-way.

Position

Subject

Housing

[AB 458](#)

(Jones-Sawyer D) Peace officers.

Status: 3/28/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on HIGHER ED. with recommendation: To Consent Calendar. (Ayes 8. Noes 0.) (March 28). Re-referred to Com. on HIGHER ED.

Summary: Current law requires the Chancellor of the California Community Colleges, in consultation with specified entities, to develop a modern policing degree program and to prepare and submit a report to the Legislature by no later than June 1, 2023, outlining a plan to implement the program. Current law requires peace officers in this state to meet specified minimum standards, including age and education requirements. Commencing on January 1, 2028, this bill would require a peace officer to attain a modern policing degree, as specified, or a bachelor's or other advanced degree from an accredited college or university prior to receiving a basic certificate from the commission.

Position

Subject

Watch

Labor, Public Safety

[AB 550](#)

(Schiavo D) Homelessness: point-in-time count results: meetings.

Status: 4/6/2023-Re-referred to Com. on L. GOV.

Summary: The Planning and Zoning Law requires each city, county, and city and county to prepare and adopt a general plan that contains certain mandatory elements, including a housing element. Current law requires the housing element to identify the existing and projected housing needs of all economic segments of the community. Current federal law requires a continuum of care, a group organized under the federal McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act, to develop a plan that includes planning for and conducting, at least biennially, a point-in-time count of homeless persons within the geographic area. Current law requires that information from the point-in-time count be used to, among other things, allocate funding for the Homeless Emergency Aid program and Homeless Housing, Assistance, and Prevention program. This bill would require a city, county, and city and county, within 60 days after the local continuum of care releases the results of a point-in-time count for a city, county, or city and county's jurisdiction, to, among other things, agendize the point-in-time count results at a meeting of the city, county, or city and county and present the steps the city, county, or city and county is taking to prevent and end homelessness, including, but not limited to, consideration of specified actions.

Position

Subject

[AB 595](#) (Essayli R) Animal shelters: 72-hour public notice: euthanasia: study.**Status:** 3/22/2023-Re-referred to Com. on B. & P.**Summary:** Current law declares that it is the policy of the state that no adoptable animal should be euthanized if it can be adopted into a suitable home. Current law also declares that it is the policy of the state that no treatable animal should be euthanized. This bill, Bowie's Law, would require all animal shelters, as defined, to provide public notice on their internet website at least 72 hours before euthanizing any animal and include the date that an animal is scheduled to be euthanized, except as provided. By creating new requirements regarding this public notice, the violation of which would be a crime, and by imposing new requirements on a public animal control agency or shelter, the bill would constitute a state-mandated local program.**Position**
Oppose**Subject**
HHS**[AB 625](#) (Aguiar-Curry D) Forest biomass: management: emissions: energy.****Status:** 3/28/2023-Re-referred to Com. on NAT. RES.**Summary:** Would establish the Forest Biomass Waste Utilization Program to be administered by the State Board of Forestry and Fire Protection's Joint Institute for Wood Products Innovation to develop an implementation plan to meet the goals and recommendations of, and the comprehensive framework to align with the state's wood utilization policies and priorities and focused market strategy of, specified statewide forest management plans, and to develop a workforce training program to complement the workforce needs associated with the implementation plan. The bill would require the state board, in coordination with the Wildfire and Forest Resilience Task Force, to submit an annual report to the Legislature, beginning January 1, 2025, on the progress made on implementing the implementation plan.**Position**
Support**Subject**
Forests / Fire,
Natural
Resources**[AB 657](#) (Jackson D) Mental Health Services Funding Act.****Status:** 3/27/2023-Re-referred to Com. on HEALTH.**Summary:** Would enact the Mental Health Services Funding Act that would require a distributor to pay a tax upon the distributor's distributions of candy, as defined, at the rate of \$0.05 for each untaxed candy distributed. The bill would define "distribution" to mean the sale, except a retail sale, of untaxed candy in this state. The bill would require all revenues, interest, and penalties, less refunds, collected from the candy tax to be deposited into the Candy Tax Fund, a continuously appropriated fund created by the bill, and would require all amounts in the fund to be distributed to the Mental Health Services Fund. By creating a continuously appropriated fund and allocating additional moneys to a continuously appropriated fund, this bill would make an appropriation.**Position**
Watch**Subject**
General, HHS**[AB 692](#) (Patterson, Jim R) California Environmental Quality Act: exemption: egress route projects: fire safety.****Status:** 3/28/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 9. Noes 0.) (March 27). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.**Summary:** Would, until January 1, 2030, exempt from the the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) egress route projects undertaken by a public agency to improve emergency access to and evacuation from a subdivision without a secondary egress route if the State Board of Forestry and Fire Protection has recommended the creation of a secondary access to the subdivision and certain conditions are met. The bill would require the lead agency to hold a noticed public meeting to hear and respond to public comments before determining that a project is exempt. The bill would require the lead agency, if it determines that a project is not subject to CEQA and approves or carries out that project, to file a notice of exemption with the Office of Planning and Research and with the clerk of the county in which the project will be located.**Position**
Support**Subject**
Emergency
Services,
Natural
Resources,
Public Safety,
Transportation**[AB 702](#) (Jackson D) Local government financing: juvenile justice.**

Status: 3/27/2023-Re-referred to Com. on PUB. S.

Summary: Under current law, there is established in each county treasury a Supplemental Law Enforcement Services Account (SLESA) to receive all amounts allocated to a county for specified purposes. In any fiscal year for which a county receives moneys to be expended for implementation, current law requires the county auditor to allocate the moneys in the county's SLESA within 30 days of the deposit of those moneys into the fund. Current law requires the moneys to be allocated in specified amounts, including, but not limited to, 50% to a county or city and county to implement a comprehensive multiagency juvenile justice plan, as specified. Current law requires the juvenile justice plan to be developed by the local juvenile justice coordinating council in each county and city and county. Current law requires the plan to be annually reviewed and updated by the council and submitted to the Board of State and Community Corrections. Current law requires the multiagency juvenile justice plan to include certain components, including, but not limited to, a local juvenile justice action strategy that provides for a continuum of responses to juvenile crime and delinquency. Current law also requires each council to annually report to their board of supervisors and the board information on the effectiveness of the programs and strategies funded under these provisions, and requires the board to annually report this information to the Governor and the Legislature and post it on its internet website. This bill would revise and recast required components of the multiagency juvenile justice plan to, among other things, additionally require a plan to include an assessment of existing community-based youth development services, identification and prioritization of areas of the community that are vulnerable to court system involvement due to high rates of poverty and the incarceration of at-risk youth's family members, among other things, and a description of the target population funded under these provisions.

Position

Watch

Subject

Probation, Public Safety

AB 742 (Jackson D) Law enforcement: police canines.

Status: 3/22/2023-Coauthors revised. From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 6. Noes 2.) (March 21). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Summary: Would prohibit the use of an unleashed police canine by law enforcement to apprehend a person, and any use of a police canine for crowd control. The bill would prohibit law enforcement agencies from authorizing any use or training of a police canine that is inconsistent with this bill.

Position

Oppose

Subject

Public Safety

AB 764 (Bryan D) Local redistricting.

Status: 3/27/2023-Re-referred to Com. on ELECTIONS.

Summary: Current law requires counties, general law and charter cities, and special districts that elect their governing boards using district-based elections to adopt new district boundaries following each federal decennial census. Existing law also requires county boards of education, and the governing boards of school districts and community college districts in which trustee areas have been established, to adopt new boundaries for the trustee areas following each federal decennial census. Current law requires these local governments to adopt the new boundaries using specified criteria and by specified deadlines. This bill would revise and recast these provisions. The bill would require counties, county boards of education, cities, school districts, community college districts, and special districts, if the governing body of these local governments is elected by districts, to comply with uniform requirements related to redistricting. The bill would require local governments to adopt district boundaries following the decision to establish district-based elections and following each federal decennial census.

Position

Watch

Subject

General

AB 781 (Maienschein D) Accessibility to emergency information and services: emergency shelters: persons with pets.

Status: 3/28/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. with recommendation: To Consent Calendar. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (March 27). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Summary: Current law, the California Emergency Services Act, provides that political subdivisions, as defined, have full power during a local emergency to provide mutual aid to any affected area in accordance with local ordinances, resolutions, emergency plans, or agreements. Existing law defines "emergency plan" for these purposes to mean official and approved documents that describe the principles and methods to be applied in carrying out emergency operations or rendering mutual aid during emergencies. Current law requires that a county send a copy of its emergency plan to the Office of Emergency Services upon an update to the plan. This bill would require a county, on or before July 1, 2024, to update its emergency plan to designate emergency shelters able to accommodate persons with pets. The bill would require a city that has previously adopted an emergency plan designating emergency shelters to update its emergency plan to designate emergency shelters able to accommodate persons with pets on or before July 1, 2024. The bill would require an emergency shelter designated as able to accommodate persons with pets to be in compliance with safety procedures

regarding the sheltering of pets established in the component of the state and local emergency plan and applicable disaster assistance policies and procedures of the Federal Emergency Management Agency. This bill would require that whenever a city or county designates an emergency shelter, cooling center, or warming center that it also designate an emergency shelter, cooling center, or warming center, as applicable, that can accommodate persons with pets.

Position
Oppose

Subject
Emergency
Services

[**AB 790**](#) **(Hoover R) Construction contract payments: internet website posting.**

Status: 2/23/2023- Referred to Com. on A. & A.R.

Summary: Current law, the State Contract Act, requires a state agency that maintains an internet website to post specified information relating to construction contracts within 10 days of making a construction contract payment, except as specified. This bill would increase the number of days within which a state agency is required to post the information to its internet website from 10 to 15 days.

Position
Watch

Subject
General

[**AB 797**](#) **(Weber D) Local government: police review boards.**

Status: 3/27/2023- Re-referred to Com. on PUB. S.

Summary: Current law requires each department or agency in this state that employs peace officers to establish a procedure to investigate complaints by members of the public against the personnel of these departments or agencies, and to make a written description of this procedure available to the public. Current law also requires each department or agency to keep and maintain records of complaints and investigations, as specified. This bill would require the governing body of each city and county to, by January 15, 2025, create an independent community-based commission on law enforcement officer practices. The bill would authorize each commission to, among other things, conduct independent investigations of complaints against a police officer or sheriff alleging physical injury to a person, including injuries resulting in a person's death.

Position
Watch

Subject
Public Safety

[**AB 799**](#) **(Rivas, Luz D) Homeless Housing, Assistance, and Prevention program: Homelessness Accountability Act.**

Status: 2/23/2023- Referred to Com. on H. & C.D.

Summary: Current law establishes the Homeless Housing, Assistance, and Prevention program for the purpose of providing jurisdictions with one-time grant funds to support regional coordination and expand or develop local capacity to address their immediate homelessness challenges informed by a best-practices framework focused on moving homeless individuals and families into permanent housing and supporting the efforts of those individuals and families to maintain their permanent housing. Current law provides for the allocation of funding under the program among continuums of care, cities, and counties in 4 rounds, the first of which is administered by the Business, Consumer Services, and Housing Agency, and the others are administered by the Homeless Coordinating and Financing Council. This bill, the Homelessness Accountability Act, would instead specify that the purpose of the Homeless Housing, Assistance, and Prevention program is to provide ongoing grant funds to support regional coordination and expand or develop local capacity to address their immediate homelessness challenges informed by best-practices and to solve homelessness using evidence-based or, where no evidence exists, a data-informed and promising framework, as provided.

Position
Watch

Subject
Homeless

[**AB 817**](#) **(Pacheco D) Open meetings: teleconferencing: subsidiary body.**

Status: 3/20/2023- Re-referred to Com. on L. GOV.

Summary: Current law, until January 1, 2026, authorizes the legislative body of a local agency to use alternative teleconferencing in certain circumstances related to the particular member if at least a quorum of its members participate from a singular physical location that is open to the public and situated within the agency's jurisdiction and other requirements are met, including restrictions on remote participation by a member of the legislative body. This bill would authorize a subsidiary body, as defined, to use alternative teleconferencing provisions similar to the emergency provisions indefinitely and without regard to a state of emergency. In order to use teleconferencing pursuant to the Ralph M. Brown Act, the bill would require the legislative body that established the subsidiary body by charter, ordinance, resolution, or other formal action to make specified findings by majority vote, before the subsidiary body uses teleconferencing for the first time and every 12 months thereafter.

Position
Support

Subject
General

[**AB 850**](#) **(Ting D) Homeless Housing, Assistance, and Prevention program: round 4 funds.**

Status: 2/23/2023-Referred to Com. on H. & C.D.

Summary: Current law provides for the allocation of funding under the Homeless Housing, Assistance, and Prevention program among continuums of care, cities, counties, and tribes in 4 rounds, which are to be administered by the Interagency Council on Homelessness. Current law requires \$1,000,000,000 be made available, upon appropriation by the Legislature, in the 2022-23 fiscal year for implementing round 4 of the program, and requires all round 4 program funds be expended by June 30, 2027, or revert to, and be paid and deposited in, the General Fund. This bill would instead require all round 4 program funds be expended by July 1, 2027, and would make conforming changes.

Position
Watch

Subject
Homeless,
Housing

[AB 909](#) (Hoover R) Solid Waste Disposal and Codisposal Site Cleanup Program.

Status: 4/3/2023-Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Summary: Would authorize the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery, beginning July 1, 2024, and upon appropriation by the Legislature, to collect and properly manage illegally disposed hazardous waste and household hazardous waste, as defined, regardless of whether they were codisposed with nonhazardous solid waste. The bill would require the department to annually seek up to \$500,000 from the Department of Toxic Substances Control in reimbursement for grants awarded and program costs incurred. The bill would also prohibit the department from expending funds from the Integrated Waste Management Fund for purposes of this program in excess of the amount reimbursed by the Department of Toxic Substances Control.

Position
Support

Subject
Solid Waste

[AB 930](#) (Friedman D) Local government: Reinvestment in Infrastructure for a Sustainable and Equitable California (RISE) districts.

Status: 3/2/2023-Referred to Coms. on L. GOV. and J., E.D., & E.

Summary: Would authorize the legislative bodies of 2 or more local governments, defined to include a city, county, special district, or transit agency, to jointly form a Reinvestment in Infrastructure for a Sustainable and Equitable California district (RISE district) in accordance with specified procedures. The bill would require the Office of Planning and Research (OPR) to develop standards for the formation of RISE districts no later than November 30, 2025. The bill would provide for the establishment of a governing board of a RISE district with representatives of each participating local government.

Position
Watch

Subject
CDRA, General,
LAFCo

[AB 955](#) (Petrie-Norris D) Controlled substances.

Status: 3/16/2023-Re-referred to Com. on P. & C.P. Re-referred to Com. on PUB. S. pursuant to Assembly Rule 96.

Summary: Current law makes possession of specified controlled substances, including fentanyl, punishable by imprisonment in a county jail not to exceed one year, except as specified. Current law makes possession of a controlled substance for the purposes of sale of the substance punishable by imprisonment in a county jail for a period of 2, 3, or 4 years. This bill would make the sale of fentanyl on a social media platform, as defined, in California punishable by imprisonment in a county jail for a period of 3, 6, or 9 years.

Position

Subject
Public Safety

[AB 974](#) (McKinnor D) Incarcerated persons: certified record of live birth.

Status: 3/29/2023-Coauthors revised. From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 12. Noes 0.) (March 28). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Summary: Would require the local registrar, county recorder, or State Registrar to issue, without a fee, a certified record of live birth to any person who demonstrates that they are currently incarcerated in prison or a county correctional facility. The bill would authorize the incarcerated person, or any person who is lawfully entitled to request that record on behalf of an incarcerated person, to make that request. The bill would specify methods for verification of an individual's incarcerated status, including, among other things, confirmation through a state or county "inmate locator" internet website. The bill would also require the department to develop an affidavit attesting to an applicant's incarcerated status to be used by local registrars, county recorders, and the State Registrar.

Position
Watch

Subject
General

[AB 998](#) (Connolly D) Biomass energy facilities: State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission: report.

Status: 3/28/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on U. & E. with recommendation: To Consent Calendar. (Ayes 11. Noes 0.) (March 27). Re-referred to Com. on U. & E.

Summary: Would require the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, on or before December 31, 2024, to issue a report on the utility-scale biomass combustion facilities still in operation as of January 1, 2024. The bill would require the report to include various assessments of biomass combustion facilities still in operation as of January 1, 2024, and options to maximize the environmental benefits of these facilities. The bill would also require the report to include a recommended strategy to upgrade biomass combustion facilities, where appropriate, that considers impacts on disadvantaged, rural forested, and agricultural communities, impacts on the ability to maintain existing capacity for managing forest or other excess biomass, the cost of upgrading facilities and financing opportunities, and job creation or job loss that may result from the strategy. The bill would require the report to include recommendations related to baseload power generation and managing excess biomass if biomass combustion facilities cease operation and strategies related to processing waste and job training in areas where biomass combustion facilities cease operation. The bill would require the commission to include in the report an evaluation of the feasibility of upgrading utility-scale biomass combustion facilities that ceased operation before January 1, 2024, to determine whether such facilities could help California increase its capacity to manage forest and other excess biomass.

Position

Subject

Forests / Fire,
Natural
Resources

[AB 1025](#) (Dixon R) County government: contract legal counsel: elected treasurer-tax collector.

Status: 3/29/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 8. Noes 0.) (March 29). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Summary: Current law requires a county board of supervisors, upon request of the county assessor or sheriff, to contract with legal counsel to assist the assessor, auditor-controller, or sheriff with duties for which the district attorney or county counsel would have a conflict of interest in representing the assessor, auditor-controller, or sheriff. In the event the board of supervisors does not concur with the assessor, auditor-controller, or sheriff that a conflict of interest exists, current law authorizes the county assessor, auditor-controller, or sheriff to initiate an ex parte proceeding before the presiding judge of the superior court, as provided. This bill would extend these provisions to additionally require the board of supervisors to contract with legal counsel to assist the elected treasurer-tax collector, as described above.

Position

Watch

Subject

General

[AB 1090](#) (Jones-Sawyer D) County officers: sheriffs.

Status: 4/5/2023-Re-referred to Com. on PUB. S.

Summary: Current law provides for the removal of public officers for willful or corrupt misconduct in office. Current law provides that an accusation in writing against any officer of a district, county, or city for willful or corrupt misconduct in office may be presented by the grand jury of the county for, or in, which the officer accused is elected or appointed. Current law requires that the court pronounce judgment that the officer be removed from office upon a conviction and at the time appointed by the court. This bill would authorize the board of supervisors to remove a sheriff from office for cause, by a 4/5 vote, after the sheriff is served with a written statement of the alleged grounds for removal and the sheriff is provided a reasonable opportunity to be heard regarding an explanation or defense at a removal proceeding. The bill would authorize the board of supervisors to establish procedures for a removal proceeding. The bill would require that these provisions not be applied in a manner that interferes with the constitutional functions of a sheriff.

Position

Watch

Subject

Labor, Public
Safety

[AB 1108](#) (Calderon D) County emergency plans.

Status: 3/2/2023-Referred to Com. on E.M.

Summary: Would require each county to review and update its emergency plan at least every 2 years. Because the bill would require local officials to perform additional duties, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill would remove the date by which the office is required to update the best practices referenced above.

Position

Oppose

Subject

Emergency
Services

[AB 1132](#) (Friedman D) Solar energy systems: permit fees.

Status: 3/29/2023-Coauthors revised. From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes

8. Noes 0.) (March 29). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Summary: Current law, for purposes of governing property rights, defines a “solar energy system” as specified to include any solar collector or other solar energy device whose primary purpose is to provide for the collection, storage, and distribution of solar energy for space heating, space cooling, electric generation, or water heating. Current law prescribes and limits permit fees that a city or county may charge for a residential and commercial solar energy system. Current law repeals these provisions on January 1, 2025. This bill would extend that repeal date to January 1, 2034. By extending the operation of the requirements imposed on a city or county in connection with those solar energy systems, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Position
Watch

Subject
CDRA, General

[AB 1168](#) (Bennett D) Emergency medical services (EMS): prehospital EMS.

Status: 3/20/2023-Re-referred to Com. on HEALTH.

Summary: Would require a city or fire district that contracted for or provided, as of June 1, 1980, prehospital EMS, to be deemed to retain its authorities regarding, and administration of, the prehospital EMS when a city or fire district enters into an agreement with a county for the joint exercise of powers regarding prehospital EMS, or that ceased to contract for, provide, or administer prehospital EMS as a result of a judicial finding, as specified, or that contracts with a county to provide prehospital EMS in areas outside of that city or fire district pursuant to statute. The bill would state the Legislature’s intent that a city’s or fire district’s entry into a written agreement with a county for the joint exercise of powers regarding prehospital EMS, as described, does not make the city or fire district ineligible to contract with a county, as described above, or result in the transfer, termination, relinquishment, or extinguishment of that city’s or fire district’s authorities regarding, or administration of, prehospital EMS, and to abrogate contrary judicial holdings.

Position
Oppose

Subject
Emergency
Services,
General

[AB 1377](#) (Friedman D) Homeless Housing, Assistance, and Prevention Program: Round 3.

Status: 3/13/2023-Re-referred to Com. on H. & C.D.

Summary: Current law establishes, among various other programs intended to address homelessness in this state, the Homeless Housing, Assistance, and Prevention program for the purpose of providing jurisdictions with one-time grant funds to support regional coordination and expand or develop local capacity to address their immediate homelessness challenges informed by a best-practices framework focused on moving homeless individuals and families into permanent housing and supporting the efforts of those individuals and families to maintain their permanent housing. Existing law provides for the allocation of funding under the program among continuums of care, cities, counties, and tribes in 4 rounds, which are to be administered by the Interagency Council on Homelessness. Current law, beginning with round 3 of the program, requires applicants to provide specified information for all rounds of program allocations through a data collection, reporting, performance monitoring, and accountability framework, as established by the council. This includes data on the applicant’s progress towards meeting their outcome goals, to be submitted annually, for each year of the program, and other information if the applicant has not made significant progress towards those goals. This bill would also require data and a narrative summary of specific and quantifiable steps that the applicant has taken to improve the delivery of housing and services to people experiencing homelessness or at risk of homelessness, on transit properties that operate in their jurisdiction.

Position
Watch

Subject
Homeless,
Housing

[AB 1484](#) (Zbur D) Temporary public employees.

Status: 3/29/2023-Re-referred to Com. on P.E. & R.

Summary: The Meyers-Milias-Brown Act (act) authorizes local public employees, as defined, to form, join, and participate in the activities of employee organizations of their own choosing for the purpose of representation on matters of labor relations. Current law generally requires that the scope of representation under the act include all matters relating to employment conditions and employer-employee relations, while excepting the consideration of the merits, necessity, or organization of any service or activity provided by law or executive order. Current law states that the Legislature finds and declares that the duties and responsibilities of local agency employer representatives under the act are substantially similar to the duties and responsibilities required under existing collective bargaining enforcement procedures and therefore the costs incurred by the local agency employer representatives in performing those duties and responsibilities under that act are not reimbursable as state-mandated costs. This bill would impose specified requirements with respect to the temporary employees, as defined, of a public employer who have been hired to perform the same or similar type of work that is performed by permanent employees represented by a recognized employee organization. In this regard the bill would require those temporary employees to be automatically

included in the same bargaining unit as the permanent employees, as specified, upon the request of the recognized employee organization.

Position	Subject
Oppose	Labor

[AB 1554](#) ([Patterson, Joe R](#)) California Environmental Quality Act: exemption: wildfire fuels reduction projects.

Status: 3/9/2023-Referred to Com. on NAT. RES.

Summary: This bill would expressly exempt from CEQA a project reduction of fuels in areas within moderate, high, and very high fire hazard severity zones, as provided. Because a lead agency would be required to determine whether a project qualifies for this exemption, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

Position	Subject
Support	CEQA, Forests / Fire, Natural Resources

[AB 1567](#) ([Garcia D](#)) Safe Drinking Water, Wildfire Prevention, Drought Preparation, Flood Protection, Extreme Heat Mitigation, and Workforce Development Bond Act of 2024.

Status: 4/7/2023-From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to Com. on W., P., & W. Read second time and amended.

Summary: Would enact the Safe Drinking Water, Wildfire Prevention, Drought Preparation, Flood Protection, Extreme Heat Mitigation, and Workforce Development Bond Act of 2024, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$15,105,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance projects for safe drinking water, wildfire prevention, drought preparation, flood protection, extreme heat mitigation, and workforce development programs.

Position	Subject
Support	Natural Resources

[AB 1637](#) ([Irwin D](#)) Local government: internet websites and email addresses.

Status: 3/20/2023-Re-referred to Com. on L. GOV.

Summary: The California Public Records Act requires a local agency to make public records available for inspection and allows a local agency to comply by posting the record on its internet website and directing a member of the public to the internet website, as specified. This bill, no later than January 1, 2025, would require a local agency, as defined, that maintains an internet website for use by the public to ensure that the internet website utilizes a ".gov" top-level domain or a ".ca.gov" second-level domain, and would require a local agency that maintains an internet website that is noncompliant with that requirement to redirect that internet website to a domain name that does utilize a ".gov" or ".ca.gov" domain. This bill, no later than January 1, 2025, would also require a local agency that maintains public email addresses to ensure that each email address provided to its employees utilizes a ".gov" domain name or a ".ca.gov" domain name. By adding to the duties of local officials, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Position	Subject
Watch	

[AB 1672](#) ([Haney D](#)) In-Home Supportive Services Employer-Employee Relations Act.

Status: 3/9/2023-Referred to Com. on P.E. & R.

Summary: This bill would expand the definition of "public employer," to include an employer who is subject to the In-Home Supportive Services Employer-Employee Relations Act, which the bill would create. The bill would establish a method for resolving disputes regarding wages, benefits, and other terms and conditions of employment between the state and recognized employee organizations representing independent providers. The bill would provide for the right of employees, also known as individual providers under the act, to form, join, and participate in activities of employee organizations for the purposes of representation on all matters within the scope of employee organizations. The bill would define "employee" or "individual provider" for these purposes to mean a person authorized to provide in-home supportive services pursuant to the individual provider mode or waiver personal care services, as prescribed. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

Position	Subject
Watch	HHS, Labor

[ACA 1](#) ([Aguiar-Curry D](#)) Local government financing: affordable housing and public infrastructure: voter approval.

Status: 12/6/2022-From printer. May be heard in committee January 5.

Summary: The California Constitution prohibits the ad valorem tax rate on real property from exceeding 1% of the full cash value of the property, subject to certain exceptions. This measure would

create an additional exception to the 1% limit that would authorize a city, county, city and county, or special district to levy an ad valorem tax to service bonded indebtedness incurred to fund the construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, or replacement of public infrastructure, affordable housing, or permanent supportive housing, or the acquisition or lease of real property for those purposes, if the proposition proposing that tax is approved by 55% of the voters of the city, county, or city and county, as applicable, and the proposition includes specified accountability requirements. The measure would specify that these provisions apply to any city, county, city and county, or special district measure imposing an ad valorem tax to pay the interest and redemption charges on bonded indebtedness for these purposes that is submitted at the same election as this measure.

Position
Watch

Subject

[SB 4](#)

(Wiener D) Planning and zoning: housing development: higher education institutions and religious institutions.

Status: 3/28/2023-From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on GOV. & F.

Summary: The Planning and Zoning Law requires each county and city to adopt a comprehensive, long-term general plan for its physical development, and the development of certain lands outside its boundaries, that includes, among other mandatory elements, a housing element. That law allows a development proponent to submit an application for a development that is subject to a specified streamlined, ministerial approval process not subject to a conditional use permit, if the development satisfies certain objective planning standards. The Zenovich-Moscone-Chacon Housing and Home Finance Act establishes the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee within the Department of Housing and Community Development. Current law requires the committee to allocate state low-income housing tax credits in conformity with state and federal law that establishes a maximum rent that may be charged to a tenant for a project unit constructed using low-income housing tax credits. This bill would require that a housing development project be a use by right upon the request of an applicant who submits an application for streamlined approval, on any land owned by an independent institution of higher education or religious institution on or before January 1, 2024, if the development satisfies specified criteria, including that the development is not adjoined to any site where more than one-third of the square footage on the site is dedicated to industrial use. The bill would define various terms for these purposes.

Position

Subject
Housing

[SB 9](#)

(Cortese D) Raising the Age for Extended Foster Care Act of 2023.

Status: 3/21/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on JUD. (Ayes 5. Noes 0.) (March 20). Re-referred to Com. on JUD.

Summary: Current law authorizes the juvenile court to resume jurisdiction over a nonminor who has attained 18 years of age, but not yet attained 21 years of age, and for whom the court has dismissed dependency, delinquency, or transition jurisdiction. This bill would expand the dependency and transitional jurisdiction of the juvenile court to a nonminor who has not attained 22 years of age if the court makes a finding on the record by a preponderance of the evidence that the nonminor is experiencing homelessness or is at reasonable risk of homelessness if they are not under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court, among other requirements. The bill would also expand the eligibility of foster care benefits by revising the definition of nonminor dependent to include a foster child who meets the above-described requirements and is not older than 22 years of age if the court makes that same finding. The bill would also make these nonminors eligible for benefits under AFDC-FC, CalWORKs, Kin-GAP, and AAP. The bill would also make related conforming changes.

Position

Subject
HHS

[SB 20](#)

(Rubio D) Joint powers agreements: regional housing trusts.

Status: 3/23/2023-Set for hearing April 12.

Summary: Would authorize 2 or more cities, by entering into a joint powers agreement pursuant to the Joint Exercise of Powers Act, to create a regional housing trust for the purposes of funding housing to assist the homeless population and persons and families of extremely low, very low, and low income within their jurisdictions. The bill would require a regional housing trust created pursuant to these provisions to be governed by a board of directors consisting of a minimum of 9 directors, as specified. The bill would authorize a regional housing trust to fund the planning and construction of housing, receive public and private financing and funds, and authorize and issue bonds, as specified. The bill would require the joint powers agreement establishing the regional housing trust to incorporate specified annual financial reporting and auditing requirements.

Position

Subject
Housing

[SB 22](#)

(Umberg D) Courts: remote proceedings.

Status: 3/30/2023-Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Summary: Current law authorizes, until July 1, 2023, a party to appear remotely and a court to conduct conferences, hearings, proceedings, and trials in civil cases, in whole or in part, through the use of remote technology. This bill would authorize, until January 1, 2026, a party to appear remotely and a court to conduct conferences, hearings, proceedings, and trials in specific types of proceedings, including, among others, a juvenile court proceeding and an extension of a juvenile commitment, in whole or in part, through the use of remote technology. The bill would authorize the court to require a party or witness to appear in person at a conference, hearing, or proceeding, if any specified condition is present. The bill would require the court to have a process for a party, court reporter, court interpreter, or other court personnel to alert the judicial officer of technology or audibility issues. The bill would prohibit a court from requiring a party to appear remotely.

Position

Watch

Subject

Public Safety

SB 23

(Caballero D) Water supply and flood risk reduction projects: expedited permitting.

Status: 3/30/2023-From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on N.R. & W.

Summary: (1) Current law prohibits an entity from substantially diverting or obstructing the natural flow of, or substantially changing or using any material from the bed, channel, or bank of, any river, stream, or lake, or deposit or dispose of debris, waste, or other material containing crumbled, flaked, or ground pavement where it may pass into any river, stream, or lake, except under specified conditions, including requiring the entity to send written notification to the Department of Fish and Wildlife regarding the activity in the manner prescribed by the department. This bill would require a project proponent, if already required to submit a notification to the department, to submit final environmental documentation to the department for the activity in the notification. The bill would require the department, under prescribed circumstances, to take certain actions within specified timelines, or within a mutually agreed-to extension of time. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

Position

Support

Subject

Natural
Resources,
Water

SB 35

(Umberg D) Community Assistance, Recovery, and Empowerment (CARE) Court Program.

Status: 4/3/2023-Set for hearing April 19.

Summary: The Community Assistance, Recovery, and Empowerment (CARE) Act, authorizes specified adult persons to petition a civil court to create a voluntary CARE agreement or a court-ordered CARE plan and implement services, to be provided by county behavioral health agencies, to provide behavioral health care, including stabilization medication, housing, and other enumerated services, to adults who are currently experiencing a severe mental illness and have a diagnosis identified in the disorder class schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders, and who meet other specified criteria. Current law authorizes CARE Act proceedings to commence in the county where the respondent resides, is found, or is facing criminal or civil proceedings. Current law requires the act to be implemented with technical assistance and continuous quality improvement, as specified, including expected start dates for specified counties. Current law also requires the State Department of Health Care Services to implement guidelines under which counties can apply for and be provided additional time to implement the above-described provisions. Current law authorizes the department to grant an extension once, and no later than December 1, 2025. This bill would instead authorize the department to grant an extension no later than December 15, 2025.

Position

Watch

Subject

HHS, Public
Safety

SB 43

(Eggman D) Behavioral health.

Status: 3/30/2023-Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on JUD.

Summary: Current law, the Lanterman-Petris-Short Act, provides for the involuntary commitment and treatment of a person who is a danger to themselves or others or who is gravely disabled. Current law, for purposes of involuntary commitment, defines "gravely disabled" as either a condition in which a person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is unable to provide for their basic personal needs for food, clothing, or shelter or has been found mentally incompetent, as specified. This bill expands the definition of "gravely disabled" to also include a condition that will result in substantial risk of serious harm to the physical or mental health of a person due to a mental health disorder or a substance use disorder or both. The bill defines "serious harm" for purposes of these provisions to mean significant deterioration, debilitation, or illness due to a person's failure to meet certain conditions, including, among other things, attend to needed personal or medical care and attend to self-protection or personal safety. The bill specifies circumstances under which substantial risk of serious harm may be evidenced, as specified. The bill would make conforming changes. To the extent that this change increases the level of service required of county mental health departments, the bill would impose a

state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

Position

Watch

Subject

HHS, Homeless

[SB 63](#)

(Ochoa Bogh R) Homeless and Mental Health Court and Transitioning Home Grant Programs.

Status: 3/29/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 5. Noes 0.) (March 28). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Summary: Under current law, the Board of State and Community Corrections administers several grant programs, including a mentally ill offender crime reduction grant program, a medication-assisted treatment grant program, and a violence intervention and prevention grant program. This bill would establish two new grant programs until January 1, 2028: the Homeless and Mental Health Court Grant Program that would, subject to an appropriation by the Legislature, be administered by the Judicial Council and provide grants to counties for the purpose of establishing or expanding homeless courts and mental health courts, as specified; and the Transitioning Home Grant Program that would, subject to an appropriation by the Legislature, be administered by the board and provide grants to county sheriffs and jail administrators to fund programs aimed at reducing homelessness among inmates released from custody, as specified.

Position

Subject

HHS, Public
Safety

[SB 65](#)

(Ochoa Bogh R) Behavioral Health Continuum Infrastructure Program.

Status: 3/28/2023-Set for hearing April 10.

Summary: Current law authorizes the State Department of Health Care Services to, subject to an appropriation, establish a Behavioral Health Continuum Infrastructure Program. Current law authorizes the department, pursuant to this program, to award competitive grants to qualified entities to construct, acquire, and rehabilitate real estate assets or to invest in needed mobile crisis infrastructure to expand the community continuum of behavioral health treatment resources to build or expand the capacity of various treatment and rehabilitation options for persons with behavioral health disorders, as specified. This bill would authorize the department, in awarding the above-described grants, to give preference to qualified entities that are intending to place their projects in specified facilities or properties.

Position

Support

Subject

HHS

[SB 91](#)

(Umberg D) California Environmental Quality Act: exemption: supportive and transitional housing: motel conversion.

Status: 3/30/2023-Set for hearing April 18.

Summary: Current law, until January 1, 2025, exempts from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) projects related to the conversion of a structure with a certificate of occupancy as a motel, hotel, residential hotel, or hostel to supportive or transitional housing, as defined, that meet certain conditions. This bill would extend indefinitely the above exemption.

Position

Watch

Subject

CDRA, CEQA,
HHS, Homeless,
Housing

[SB 294](#)

(Wiener D) Housing development projects: floor area ratios.

Status: 2/15/2023-Referred to Coms. on GOV. & F. and HOUSING.

Summary: The Planning and Zoning Law requires a city or county to adopt a general plan for land use development within its boundaries that includes, among other things, a housing element. Current law prohibits a local agency, as defined, from imposing a floor area ratio standard that is less than 1.0 on a housing development project that consists of 3 to 7 units, or less than 1.25 on a housing development project that consists of 8 to 10 units. Current law prohibits a local agency from imposing a lot coverage requirement that would physically preclude a housing development project of not more than 10 units from achieving the floor area ratios described above. This bill would delete the 10-unit maximum for eligible projects, and would prohibit a local agency from imposing a floor area ratio standard that is less than 2.5 on a housing development project that consists of 11 to 20 units. The bill would prohibit a local agency from imposing a floor area ratio standard that is less than 1.25 for every ten housing units, rounded to the nearest ten units, on a housing development project that consists of more than 20 units.

Position

Subject

CDRA, Housing

[SB 400](#)

(Wahab D) Peace officers: confidentiality of records.

Status: 3/13/2023-Set for hearing April 11.

Summary: The California Public Records Act generally requires public records to be open for inspection by the public. Current law provides numerous exceptions to this requirement. Under current law, the personnel records of peace officers and custodial officers are confidential and not subject to public inspection. Current law provides certain exemptions to this confidentiality, including the reports, investigations, and findings of certain incidents involving the use of force by a peace officer. This bill would clarify that this confidentiality does not prohibit an agency that formerly employed a peace officer or custodial officer from disclosing the termination for cause of that officer, as specified.

Position

Subject

Labor, Public
Safety

[SB 402](#) (Wahab D) Emergency services: limiting police response.

Status: 2/22/2023-Referred to Coms. on HEALTH and G.O.

Summary: Current law requires the future implementation of a statewide "988" telephone system for suicide prevention and mental health crises. This bill would require 911 or other service center calls for service relating to mental health or homelessness, as specified, to be dispatched to fire district or department personnel, EMS personnel, mental health personnel, or nonsworn unarmed police personnel and not to police officers, except as otherwise provided.

Position

Subject

Watch

Public Safety

[SB 408](#) (Ashby D) Foster youth with complex needs: regional health teams: short-term assessment, treatment, and transition programs.

Status: 3/27/2023-Set for hearing April 24.

Summary: Would require the State Department of Health Care Services, in consultation with the State Department of Social Services, to establish up to 10 regional health teams throughout the state, to serve foster youth and youth who may be at risk of entering foster care. The bill would require the department to submit a state plan amendment to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services no later than July 1, 2024, to implement the Medicaid Health Home State Plan Option, as specified, in establishing the regional health teams. The bill would require the department to coordinate with the State Department of Social Services and the State Department of Developmental Services, and to convene and engage specified stakeholders, to develop the regional health teams. The bill would make regional health teams available to children and youth and any adult caregiver or other adult connected with the child or youth under 26 years of age, who are experiencing severe mental illness, emotional disturbance, substance use, intellectual or developmental disability, or special health care needs or chronic health issues, or any combination of those conditions. The bill would specify the required membership of the regional health teams, including, but not limited to, a primary care physician, a licensed clinical social worker, and a public health nurse. The duties of the regional health team would include, but not be limited to, receiving and responding to referrals received from staff from county child welfare agencies, county probation departments, regional centers, and others, and coordinating and providing access to various categories of care and services. The bill would require the department to fund up to 10 health teams that are geographically situated to support access to services equitably throughout the state. The bill would require the regional health teams to be funded by the department pursuant to a competitive procurement process. The bill would declare the intent of the Legislature that the health home state plan option begin no later than December 1, 2024, subject to the receipt of any required federal approvals or waivers.

Position

Subject

Watch

HHS

[SB 470](#) (Alvarado-Gil D) Wildfires: Regional Forest and Fire Capacity Program: grant eligibility: high fire hazard and very high fire hazard severity zones.

Status: 3/29/2023-Re-referred to Com. on N.R. & W.

Summary: Current law establishes in the Department of Conservation the Regional Forest and Fire Capacity Program to support regional leadership to build local and regional capacity and develop, prioritize, and implement strategies and projects that create fire-adapted communities and landscapes by improving ecosystem health, community wildfire preparedness, and fire resilience. Current law requires the department, upon appropriation, to provide block grants to regional entities, as defined, to, among other things, implement community fire preparedness demonstration projects that create durable risk reduction for structures and critical community infrastructure. This bill would include within those demonstration projects related to durable risk reduction for structures and critical community infrastructure projects that reduce the risk of wildfire for entire neighborhoods and communities through water delivery system improvements for fire suppression purposes in high fire hazard severity zone or very high fire hazard severity zone communities, as designated by the State Fire Marshal or by a local agency.

Position

Subject

Forests / Fire

[**SB 488**](#)**(Alvarado-Gil D) California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program: bioenergy projects: community choice aggregators.****Status:** 2/22/2023- Referred to Com. on E., U. & C.**Summary:** Would authorize the cumulative rated generating capacity to be procured from bioenergy projects regardless of when the projects commence operations. The bill also would authorize a community choice aggregator to procure, subject to terms of at least 5 years, any portion of a local publicly owned electric utility's required proportionate share of 125 megawatts of cumulative rated generating capacity from bioenergy projects that was not procured because of the exemption described above.**Position**
Support**Subject**
General, Natural
Resources[**SB 532**](#)**(Wiener D) Ballot measures: local taxes.****Status:** 3/30/2023-From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on GOV. & F.**Summary:** Current law requires that the ballots used when voting upon a measure proposed by a local governing body or submitted to the voters as an initiative or referendum measure, including a measure authorizing the issuance of bonds or the incurrence of debt, have printed on them a true and impartial statement describing the purpose of the measure. If the proposed measure imposes a tax or raises the rate of a tax, current law requires the ballot to include in the statement of the measure the amount of money to be raised annually and the rate and duration of the tax to be levied. This bill would exempt from this requirement a measure that imposes or increases a tax with more than one rate or authorizes the issuance of bonds. The bill would instead permit for these types of measures the statement of the measure to include the words "See voter guide for measure information statement."**Position**
Watch**Subject**[**SB 548**](#)**(Niello R) Public employees' retirement: joint county and trial court contracts.****Status:** 2/22/2023- Referred to Com. on L., P.E. & R.**Summary:** Current law requires, for counties that contract for retirement benefits through PERS for eligible employees, as of the implementation date of the Trial Court Employment Protection and Governance Act, that a trial court and a county in which the trial court is located jointly participate in the system by joint contract. Current law requires the Public Employees' Retirement System board of administration to do one-time, separate computations of the assets and liabilities of 2 counties and the trial courts in the counties. Current law, the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA), establishes a variety of requirements and restrictions on public employers offering defined benefit pension plans, including limiting the benefits that may be provided to new members. This bill would authorize a county and the trial court located within the county to elect to separate their joint PERS contract into individual contracts, if the county and the trial court make that election voluntarily, and would prescribe a process for this. The bill would prohibit the separation from being a cause for modification of employee retirement benefits, as specified. The bill would require the system's board of administration, within its existing resources, to do a specified computation of assets and liabilities for a county and trial court seeking to separate their joint contract. For purposes of PEPRA, the bill would authorize a county and a trial court to provide employees the defined benefit plan or formula that those employees received from their respective employers prior to the exercise of the option to separate, as specified.**Position**
Support**Subject**[**SB 564**](#)**(Laird D) Sheriffs and marshals: fees.****Status:** 3/30/2023-Set for hearing April 11.**Summary:** Current law requires the Legislature to provide for an elected county sheriff and provides for the duties of the sheriff. Existing law prescribes fees for serving, executing, and processing required court notices, writs, orders, and other services provided by sheriffs and marshals. This bill would increase the fees for services provided by sheriffs and marshals, as specified.**Position**
Support**Subject**
Public Safety[**SB 638**](#)**(Eggman D) Climate Resiliency and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2024.****Status:** 3/28/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on GOV. & F. (Ayes 9. Noes 0.) (March 28). Re-referred to Com. on GOV. & F.**Summary:** Would enact the Climate Resiliency and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2024 which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$6,000,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law, for flood protection and climate resiliency projects.

Position
Watch

Subject
Water

SB 642 (Cortese D) Hazardous materials: enforcement: county counsel.

Status: 4/3/2023-Set for hearing April 11.

Summary: Current law authorizes the city attorney, district attorney, and the Attorney General, at the request of the Department of Toxic Substances Control or a unified program agency, to bring an action seeking to enjoin a violation of laws and regulations governing the generation, transportation, and disposal of hazardous materials. Current law specifies that every civil action brought at the request of the department or a unified program agency is to be brought by the city attorney, the county attorney, the district attorney, or the Attorney General in the name of the people of the State of California and that those actions relating to the same processing or disposal of hazardous waste may be joined or consolidated. This bill would authorize the county counsel to bring an action seeking to enjoin a violation of laws and regulations governing the generation, transportation, and disposal of hazardous materials. The bill would specify that county counsel, at the request of the department or a unified program agency, is authorized to bring a civil action in the name of the people of the State of California to enforce laws and regulations governing the generation, transportation, and disposal of hazardous materials.

Position
Watch

Subject
General

SB 675 (Limón D) Prescribed grazing: local assistance grant program: Regional Forest and Fire Capacity Program: Wildfire and Forest Resilience Task Force.

Status: 3/30/2023-From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on N.R. & W.

Summary: Current law requires the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection to establish a local assistance grant program for eligible fire prevention and home hardening education activities in the state, including public education outreach activities, as provided. Current law, until January 1, 2024, authorizes the Director of Forestry and Fire Protection to authorize advance payments from a local assistance grant award, as provided. Existing law makes funding for this program subject to an appropriation by the Legislature. This bill would expand the definition of fire prevention activities to include prescribed grazing, defined as the lawful application of grazing by a specific kind of livestock at a determined season, duration, and intensity to accomplish defined vegetation or conservation goals, including reducing the risk of wildfire by reducing fuel loads, controlling undesirable or invasive plants, and promoting biodiversity and habitat for special status species.

Position
Watch

Subject
Natural
Resources

SB 706 (Caballero D) Public contracts: progressive design-build: local agencies.

Status: 3/30/2023-From committee: Do pass as amended and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 8. Noes 0.) (March 29).

Summary: Current law, until January 1, 2029, authorizes local agencies, defined as any city, county, city and county, or special district authorized by law to provide for the production, storage, supply, treatment, or distribution of any water from any source, to use the progressive design-build process for up to 15 public works projects in excess of \$5,000,000 for each project, similar to the progressive design-build process authorized for use by the Director of General Services. Current law requires a local agency that uses the progressive design-build process to submit, no later than January 1, 2028, to the appropriate policy and fiscal committees of the Legislature a report on the use of the progressive design-build process containing specified information, including a description of the projects awarded using the progressive design-build process. Current law requires the design-build entity and its general partners or joint venture members to verify specified information under penalty of perjury. This bill would authorize all cities, counties, city and counties, or special districts to use the progressive design-build process for other projects in addition to water-related projects. The bill would change the required reporting date to no later than December 31, 2028.

Position
Support

Subject
Public Works

SB 719 (Becker D) Law enforcement agencies: radio communications.

Status: 3/29/2023-From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on PUB S.

Summary: Current law establishes the California Law Enforcement Telecommunications System (CLETS) to make specified criminal justice databases, including individual criminal histories, wanted and missing persons, and stolen firearms, vehicles, and property, available to participating law enforcement agencies. Current law prohibits unauthorized access to CLETS and the unlawful use of CLETS information by authorized users. Current law authorizes the Attorney General to adopt policies, procedures, and practices related to the use of CLETS. These rules require a participating agency to restrict access to CLETS and define "access" as the ability to see or hear any information obtained

from CLETS. This bill would require a law enforcement agency, including the Department of the California Highway Patrol, municipal police departments, county sheriff's departments, specified local law enforcement agencies, and specified university and college police departments, to, by no later than January 1, 2024, ensure public access, in real time, to the radio communications of that agency, as specified.

Position

Watch

Subject

Public Safety

SB 751 (Padilla D) Franchise agreements: labor impasse.

Status: 3/21/2023-Set for hearing April 12.

Summary: Current law contains various provisions relating to franchise agreements between a local jurisdiction and a service provider for the provision of services such as utilities, waste hauling, and cable television. This bill would prohibit a city, county, or city and county from entering an exclusive franchise agreement for services on or after January 1, 2024, or an agreement amended on or after that date, that contains a force majeure provision that can be triggered by a labor impasse.

Position

Watch

Subject

SB 752 (Padilla D) Solid waste: collection service: disruptions.

Status: 3/29/2023-Re-referred to Coms. on JUD. and E.Q.

Summary: Would require a provider of solid waste handling services to provide timely notice to its customers of a potential labor dispute that will disrupt the collection of solid waste. The bill would require a provider of solid waste handling services to provide a timely refund to customers following a failure to collect solid waste. The bill would also require the Attorney General to adopt regulations to enforce these provisions and to assess administrative penalties, as specified.

Position

Watch

Subject

Solid Waste

SB 769 (Gonzalez D) Local government: fiscal and financial training.

Status: 4/5/2023-April 12 hearing postponed by committee.

Summary: Would require, if a local agency provides any type of compensation, salary, or stipend to a member of a legislative body, or provides reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses incurred by a member of a legislative body in the performance of official duties, all local agency officials, as defined, to receive at least two hours of fiscal and financial training, as described. The bill would require the training to be received at least once every two years, as provided. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

Position

Oppose

Subject

General

SB 770 (Wiener D) Health care: unified health care financing.

Status: 4/3/2023-Set for hearing April 19.

Summary: Would direct the Secretary of the California Health and Human Services Agency to pursue waiver discussions with the federal government with the objective of a unified health care financing system that incorporates specified features and objectives, including, among others, a comprehensive package of medical, behavioral health, pharmaceutical, dental, and vision benefits, and the absence of cost sharing for essential services and treatments. The bill would further require the secretary to establish a Waiver Development Workgroup comprised of members appointed by the Governor, Speaker of the Assembly, and President Pro Tempore of the Senate, as specified. The bill would require the workgroup to include stakeholders representing various specified interests, including consumers, patients, health care professionals, labor unions, government agencies, and philanthropic organizations. The bill would require the secretary to provide quarterly reports to the chairs of the Assembly and Senate Health Committees on the status and outcomes of waiver discussions with the federal governments and the progress of the workgroup. The bill would also require the secretary to submit a complete set of recommendations regarding the elements to be included in a formal waiver application, as specified, by no later than June 1, 2024. The bill would include legislative findings related to the findings of the commission and declare the intent of the Legislature in implementing a unified health care financing system in California.

Position

Watch

Subject

HHS

SB 867 (Allen D) Drought and Water Resilience, Wildfire and Forest Resilience, Coastal Resilience, Extreme Heat Mitigation, Biodiversity and Nature-Based Climate Solutions, Climate Smart Agriculture, and Park Creation and Outdoor Access Bond Act of 2023.

Status: 3/28/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on GOV. & F. (Ayes 8. Noes 0.) (March 28). Re-referred to Com. on GOV. & F.

Summary: Would enact the Drought and Water Resilience, Wildfire and Forest Resilience, Coastal

Resilience, Extreme Heat Mitigation, Biodiversity and Nature-Based Climate Solutions, Climate Smart Agriculture, and Park Creation and Outdoor Access Bond Act of 2023, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in an unspecified amount pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance projects for drought and water resilience, wildfire and forest resilience, coastal resilience, extreme heat mitigation, biodiversity and nature-based climate solutions, climate smart agriculture, and park creation and outdoor access programs.

Position

Subject

Natural
Resources

Total Measures: 84

Total Tracking Forms: 84