Exhibit 1

The following discussion is to be added to the Dry Creek/West Placer Community Plan to address the area generally west of Watt Ave and south of Baseline Road. The Community Plan Land Use diagram and all appropriate exhibits will also be amended to designate the area as the West Placer Specific Plan Area. Additional minor text changes shall be made elsewhere in the Plan to reflect this amendment.

The West Placer Specific Plan Area is located in the southwest corner of unincorporated Placer County, adjacent to the Sacramento and Sutter County lines and is the western-most half of the Dry Creek/West Placer Community Plan area. The Specific Plan Area is approximately four miles west of Roseville and 10 miles north of the City of Sacramento. The site is approximately 5,150 acres. The plan area is envisioned as a mixed-use community including residential, retail commercial, and business/professional uses, as well as public facilities such as parks, schools, and open space. This Specific Plan area was identified in the Dry Creek/West Placer Community Plan (1990) as an area to be examined as part of the Countywide General Plan Update and that update resulted in this designation for the area.

The West Placer Specific Plan Area shall be subject to the following development standards:

1. Residential uses: A maximum of 14,132 dwelling units, although this number may not be realized due to site constraints, inclusion of buffers, and other factors that may limit developable land.

2. Commercial and industrial uses: The following acreage shall serve as approximations of an acceptable mix of on-residential uses: a maximum of 80 acres of commercial, 160 acres of office and professional development, and up to 300 acres of professional/light industrial development.

3. Open space: Open space shall be provided for drainageways, floodplains, recreation areas, parks, undeveloped buffers, trail corridors, and natural areas.

4. Required buffers: Proposed development within the West Placer Specific Plan Area shall incorporate the following land use buffers, according to the standards of buffer zones contained in the Placer County General Plan, Part I (page 19).

   - Agricultural/Timberland
   - Industrial/Residential
   - Sensitive Habitat

In addition, the project shall include elements in its design which provide buffers between urban areas within the boundaries of the Specific Plan Area and rural residential development in Sacramento County.

5. Transit: A public transit system shall consist initially of an express bus system and dedication of right-of-way corridor for possible future light rail transit with
a feeder bus network.

6. Urban design: Development within the West Placer Specific Plan Area shall be planned and designed to comply with the following standards:

a. Urban form. The specific plan and project plans for development shall provide for up to two mixed use, pedestrian-oriented village or towns and a single, larger town center. Village areas should be surrounded by buffer lands, low density single-family residential, and/or regional employment and commercial. Mixed use (commercial, professional office, and high density residential) nodes, commercial centers, and regional employment areas are to be established at sufficient densities to support express bus transit service between adjoining villages and nearby urban centers (e.g., other new growth areas or incorporated cities). Each village should contain all public facilities and services necessary for its development.

b. Town center. The Specific Plan Area should contain one large town center that will operate as the institutional and social focal point of the community. The town center is to contain, at a minimum: a community meeting facility; formal outdoor gathering areas (e.g., amphitheaters); and the main offices and facilities for law enforcement, fire, library, and other public services. Public, quasi-public, and institutional facilities should be centrally located in the town center.

c. Village core areas. Mixed-use commercial core areas should be developed to provide service and neighborhood commercial needs, professional services, public, quasi-public, and institutional facilities, and high-density residential uses. Village core areas shall contain transit services to connect to nearby village areas, commercial centers, and regional employment areas, and to destinations beyond the boundaries of the Specific Plan Area.

d. Public gathering areas. Commercial areas within town centers and village core areas shall be enhanced by incorporating outdoor public gathering areas into their design. Such areas are intended to facilitate social interaction by area residents and employees.

e. Community open space areas. Each village area should contain a village green to be located adjacent to, or integrated into, the village core area. Community parks should be located adjacent to major open space and roadway corridors (see items i. and j. below). Community parks may serve as buffer areas between conflicting land uses (See the standards for Land Use Buffer Zones in the Placer County General Plan in Part I, page 19), within or adjacent to the specific plan area. All developed and undeveloped park areas should be linked by a system of greenways and parkways containing pedestrian and bicycle paths separated from vehicular
f. Pedestrian-oriented design. Town center, village core, and regional employment areas shall be planned and designed to be pedestrian, bicycle, and transit accessible. Design elements that accommodate pedestrian and cyclists should take precedence over elements that primarily accommodate automobiles.

g. Commercial areas:

(1) New commercial buildings shall be designed to provide maximum pedestrian accessibility. Primary ground floor commercial building entrances should orient to plazas, parks, or pedestrian-oriented streets rather than interior blocks or parking lots. Anchor retail buildings may have their entries from off-street parking lots; however, on-street entries are strongly encouraged.

(2) Street-level windows and numerous building entries are in encouraged town centers and village core areas. Arcades, porches, bays, and balconies are encouraged.

(3) If a wall of a primary commercial establishment does not have an entry on a pedestrian route, it shall include windows, display areas, and/or be lined with retail shops to provide visual interest to pedestrians.

(4) Entries into small shops and offices shall orient directly onto a pedestrian-oriented street. Buildings with multiple retail tenants should have numerous entries onto the street. Small, single-entry malls should be avoided. Off-street parking should be located the rear of buildings with walkways leading to the street and entry.

(5) Commercial development shall be designed to provide varied and interesting building facades to provide pedestrian orientation. Buildings designs should provide as much variety as possible without creating a chaotic image. Facades should vary from one building to the next, rather than create an overly unified frontage. Covered walkways should be provided whenever possible.

h. Residential areas. Residential areas shall consist of the following three types:

(1) Village Residential. These areas shall be located within walking distance of a village commercial core area. The housing should
consist of high-density single-family (with or without carriage or secondary dwelling units) and multi-family units.

(2) Single-family Residential. These areas should surround village residential areas at densities consistent with suburban residential development (e.g., 4 to 7 dwellings per acre). Subdivision design should provide opportunities for pedestrian and bicycle access to village core areas. Physical separation of single-family residential areas by such means as sound walls, berms, and major roads should be discouraged. Single-family residential areas should be incorporated into their village so village residential and single-family residential areas function as a single unit and are not separated by physical or design characteristics.

(3) Rural Residential. These areas should be located in buffer zones within the specific plan boundaries. Rural land uses shall only be considered in areas where residential land use is consistent with the standards in Part I for buffers (page 19). Rural residential densities of 0.2 dwellings per acre or more shall be allowed only when public sewer and water facilities are provided.

i. Open space corridors. Existing and proposed linear open space corridors should be developed as a pedestrian, equestrian, and/or bicycle trail system. Existing corridors include, but are not limited to, stream and riparian areas (e.g., the Dry Creek corridor), power line easements, abandoned rail rights-of-way, existing public trails, and existing public roads and bridges that may be ultimately abandoned. The Dry Creek corridor shall be designed to provide bicycle/equestrian/pedestrian connections to similar facilities in Sacramento County near Gibson Ranch Park.

j. Roadway corridors. Collector and arterial roads shall be designed as landscaped corridors, including separated bicycle and pedestrian facilities within landscaped or native open space corridors and landscaped berms and medians.

7. Phasing of Development: Phasing shall maintain a balanced mix of land uses throughout development of the plan area and shall address necessary infrastructure and other relevant issues. Development in the West Placer Specific Plan Area shall be required to proceed in a logical fashion.

8. Agricultural water supply: Development within the Specific Plan Area should assist in the provision of affordable agricultural water to surrounding agricultural lands. Sources of such agricultural water include reclaimed and retained water
and newly developed surface water sources.

9. Noise: Development within the Specific Plan Area shall be designed to avoid aircraft noise impacts on noise sensitive uses, resulting from operations at McClellan Air Force Base. No residential land uses shall be permitted in areas which exceed noise levels indicated in Table 9-3, page 122 of the Placer County General Plan.

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